

## Feb 22, 2024

Too much talking about random numbers.  
ask maple about it

```
> ?random  
> ?HowDoIWorkWithRandomGenerators
```

Most trivial is **rand()**

```
> rand( ) 395718860534 (1)  
> rand( ) 193139816415 (2)  
> rand( ) 22424170465 (3)
```

Make some dice

```
> rand(1 ..6)  
proc( ) proc( ) option builtin = RandNumberInterface; end proc(6, 6, 3) + 1 end proc (4)  
> RollDice := rand(1 ..6)  
RollDice := proc( )  
proc( ) option builtin = RandNumberInterface; end proc(6, 6, 3) + 1  
end proc
```

```
> RollDice( ) 3 (6)
```

```
> RollDice( ) 4 (7)
```

```
> seq(RollDice( ), i = 1 ..20)  
4, 6, 5, 3, 1, 5, 2, 3, 2, 2, 4, 3, 3, 1, 2, 5, 4, 5, 6, 2 (8)
```

```
> randomize(31415) 31415 (9)
```

```
> RollDice( ) 4 (10)
```

```
> randomize(31415); RollDice( ); RollDice( )  
31415  
4  
6 (11)
```

```
> randomize( ); RollDice( ); RollDice( )  
55005918917  
5  
4 (12)
```

Behind the scenes, rand() is using MersenneTwister So what.

```
> with(RandomTools[MersenneTwister])
```

```
[GenerateData, GenerateFloat, GenerateFloat64, GenerateInteger, GenerateInteger32, (13)
GenerateUnsignedInt32, GetState, NewGenerator, SetState]
```

```
> GenerateFloat( ) 0.0200793866 (14)
```

```
> GenerateFloat( ) 0.4317871144 (15)
```

```
> GenerateFloat64( ) 0.969299637098994693 (16)
```

Gives us a real number uniformly from (0,1)

What if we don't want a uniform distribution?

```
> with(Statistics) :
> Sample(Normal(0, 1))(10)
[ -0.128256637794691, -0.591149532421989, 0.678191168130654, 0.0188068174304354, (17)
-0.866236980876243, 1.57200838858640, -1.38404796272528, -1.15330197268967,
-0.585735558055269, 0.897078787885014 ]
```

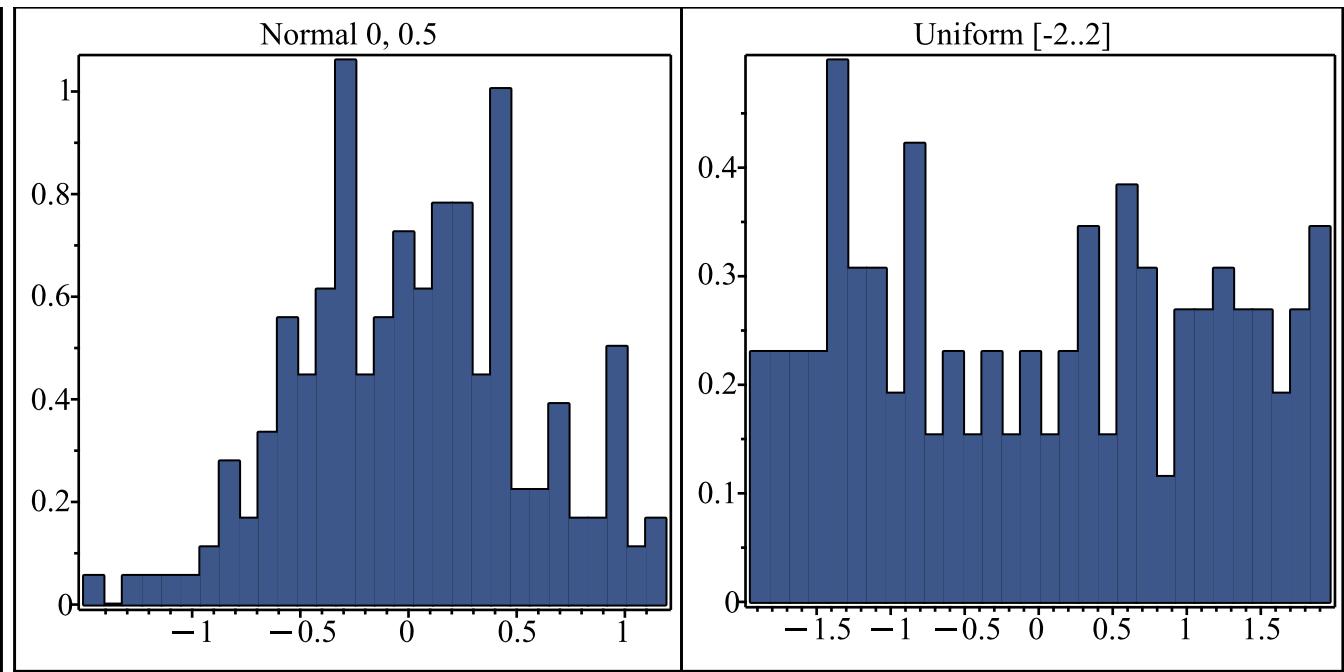
```
> Sample(Normal(5, 10))(10)
[ 8.58900926672387, 24.8669272182964, 3.25100912265916, 9.67124353162109, (18)
2.49067779516532, 6.62855705778330, 14.2450759433564, 18.4730854151050,
0.212899412716850, -6.88480502946512 ]
```

```
> Sample(Uniform(5, 10))(10)
[ 7.47203790270442, 5.31912190007231, 9.92797478825400, 5.49384135917968, (19)
7.20505087648033, 7.82909924006966, 9.27453658218099, 5.57554949754972,
5.70425965682781, 9.83029989756872 ]
```

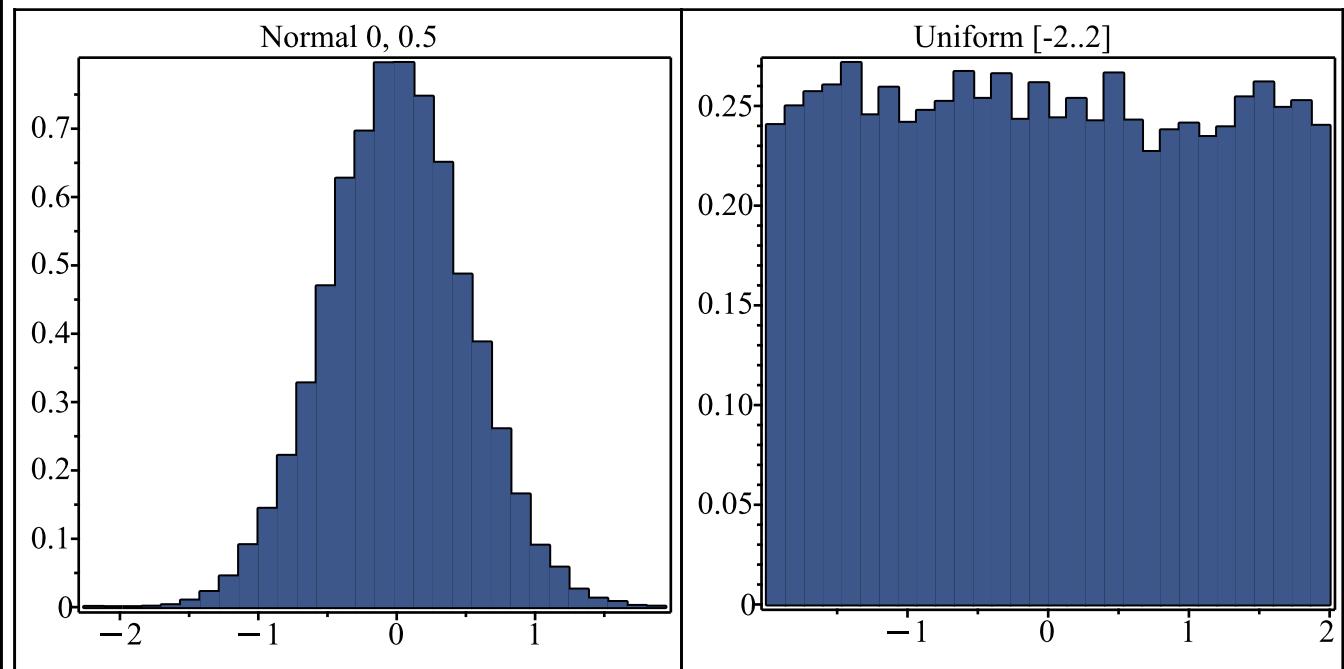
Lets look at a picture of what this means

```
> makesomepics := nsamp → plots[display](⟨
  Histogram(Sample(Normal(0, 0.5))(nsamp), title = "Normal 0, 0.5") |
  Histogram(Sample(Uniform(-2, 2))(nsamp), title = "Uniform [-2..2]")) )
makesomepics := nsamp ↦ plots[display](⟨Histogram(Sample(Normal(0, 0.5))(nsamp), title
= "Normal 0, 0.5")|Histogram(Sample(Uniform(-2, 2))(nsamp), title
= "Uniform [-2..2]")) ) (20)

> makesomepics(200)
```



> *makesomepics(20000)*



Enuf about that.

Grab some data from class web page at [daily/extras/bad\\_line.txt](#)

```
> #
# Maple procedure to execute maple code stored on the web
#
ExecuteFromWeb :=proc(URL :: string, {printfile :: truefalse := false})
```

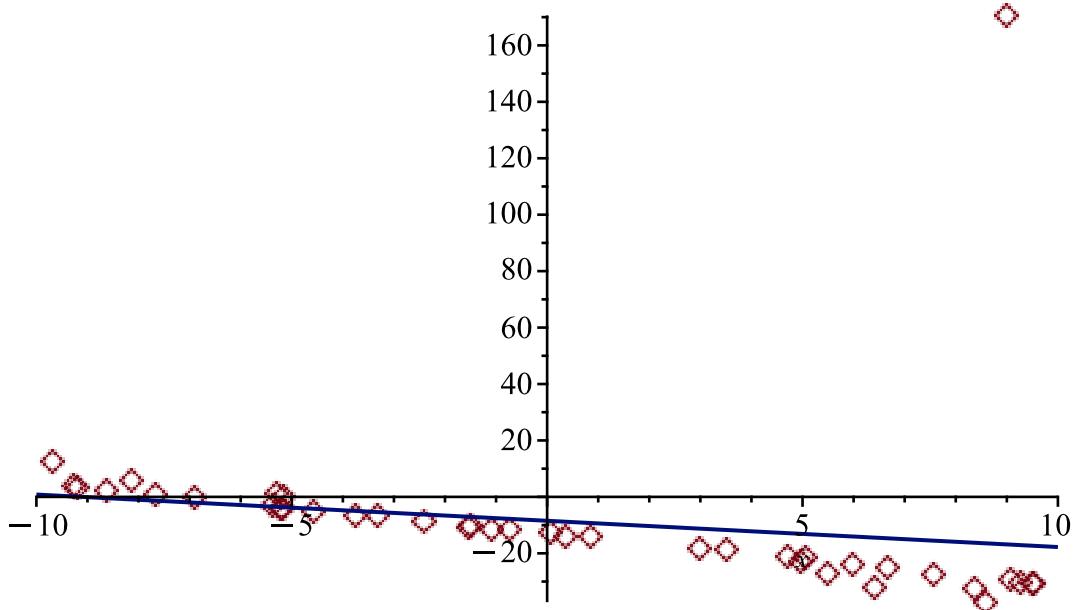
```

local n, m, status, webfile, headers;
# try to get the URL
status, webfile, headers := HTTP[Get](URL) :
if (HTTP[Code](status) ≠ "OK") then
    error(HTTP[Code](status), URL);
fi;
# now interpret the maple on the web page
n := 0 :
while (n < length(webfile)) do
    m := n;
    parse(webfile, statement, lastread='n', offset=n);
    if (printfile) then printf("%s", webfile[m + 1 ..n]); fi;
od:
end:

```

> ExecuteFromWeb("https://www.math.stonybrook.edu/~scott/mat331.spr24/daily/extras/bad\_line.txt");  
 loaded 40 points into lpts.

> with(CurveFitting) :  
 > bline := LeastSquares(lpts, x);  
 bline :=  $-8.47217789980814 - 0.930101594702111 x$  (21)  
 > plot([lpts, bline], x=-10..10, style=[point, line], symbolsize=20, size=[.8, .6])



A bad idea, but not too bad

> obj := x → piecewise(x < -1, sqrt(-x), x < 1, x<sup>2</sup>, sqrt(x))  
 obj := x ↠  $\begin{cases} \sqrt{-x} & x < -1 \\ x^2 & x < 1 \\ \sqrt{x} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$  (22)  
 > plot(obj(x), x=-4..4)

