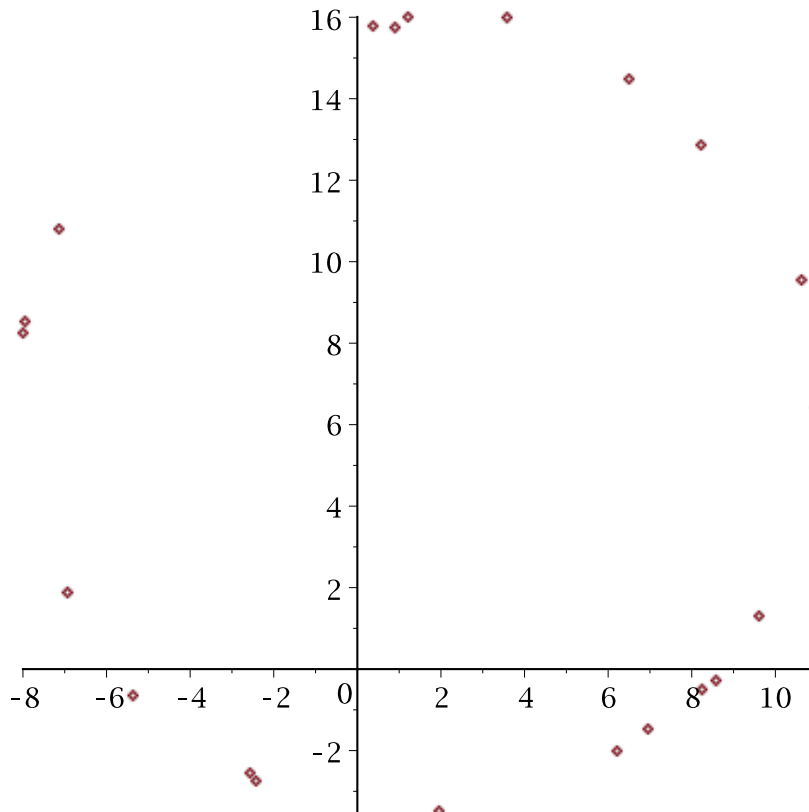


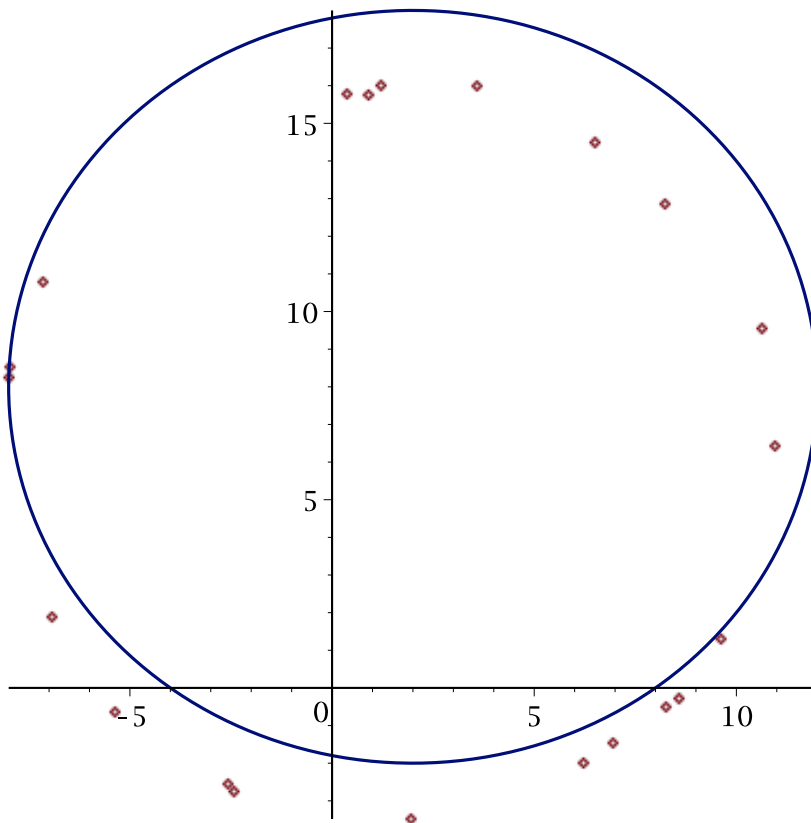
► Load some useful routine here

```
> ReadFromWeb("www.math.sunysb.edu/~scott/mat331.  
spr14/problems/lsq_data.txt");  
defined set_seed(s), line_pts(), bad_line_pts(), quadratic_pts  
( ), exp_pts(), cubic_pts(), and circle_pts(  
> data := circle_pts( ) : plot(data, style = point);
```



Guess center is (2,8), radius is 10

```
> plot([data, [10*cos(t) + 2, 10*sin(t) + 8, t = 0..2*Pi]], style = [point, line]);
```



v measures the "distance" from a point $p=[x,y]$ to a circle of center (a,b) , radius r .

$$\begin{aligned} > v := (a, b, r, p) \rightarrow (p[1] - a)^2 + (p[2] - b)^2 - r^2; \\ & \quad v := (a, b, r, p) \rightarrow (p_1 - a)^2 + (p_2 - b)^2 - r^2 \end{aligned} \quad (1)$$

$$> v(0, 0, \text{sqrt}(5), [1, 2]); \quad 0 \quad (2)$$

Want to measure the "distance" from a pile of points to a target circle.

$$\begin{aligned} > H := (a, b, r, pts) \rightarrow \frac{\text{sum}(v(a, b, r, pts[i]), i = 1 .. \text{nops}(pts))}{\text{nops}(pts)} \\ & \quad H := (a, b, r, pts) \rightarrow \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{\text{nops}(pts)} v(a, b, r, pts_i)^2}{\text{nops}(pts)} \end{aligned} \quad (3)$$

$$> H(2, 8, 10, \text{data}); \quad 677.2945381 \quad (4)$$

$$> H(1.5, 8, 10, \text{data}); \quad 625.9789486 \quad (5)$$

$$> \text{diff}(H(a, b, r, \text{data}), a);$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2}{21} ((6.954144222 - a)^2 + (-1.471513766 - b)^2 - r^2) (-13.90828844 + 2 a) \\
& + \frac{2}{21} ((6.497455235 - a)^2 + (14.48868588 - b)^2 - r^2) (-12.99491047 \\
& + 2 a) + \frac{2}{21} ((0.368707320 - a)^2 + (15.78153752 - b)^2 - r^2) (\\
& -0.737414640 + 2 a) + \frac{2}{21} ((-6.936817732 - a)^2 + (1.880784796 - b)^2 \\
& - r^2) (13.87363546 + 2 a) + \frac{2}{21} ((-7.142671381 - a)^2 + (10.79362146 \\
& - b)^2 - r^2) (14.28534276 + 2 a) + \frac{2}{21} ((10.96370257 - a)^2 \\
& + (6.423487122 - b)^2 - r^2) (-21.92740514 + 2 a) + \frac{2}{21} ((3.577460537 \\
& - a)^2 + (15.99249155 - b)^2 - r^2) (-7.154921074 + 2 a) + \frac{2}{21} (\\
& -7.999265666 - a)^2 + (8.247369599 - b)^2 - r^2) (15.99853133 + 2 a) \\
& + \frac{2}{21} ((-2.427782838 - a)^2 + (-2.754320171 - b)^2 - r^2) (4.855565676 \\
& + 2 a) + \frac{2}{21} ((-7.958364099 - a)^2 + (8.533898956 - b)^2 \\
& - r^2) (15.91672820 + 2 a) + \frac{2}{21} ((1.205043711 - a)^2 + (16.00684526 \\
& - b)^2 - r^2) (-2.410087422 + 2 a) + \frac{2}{21} ((10.62510113 - a)^2 \\
& + (9.551555223 - b)^2 - r^2) (-21.25020226 + 2 a) + \frac{2}{21} ((8.225496557 \\
& - a)^2 + (12.85943422 - b)^2 - r^2) (-16.45099311 + 2 a) \\
& + \frac{2}{21} ((8.252460390 - a)^2 + (-0.500087624 - b)^2 - r^2) (-16.50492078 \\
& + 2 a) + \frac{2}{21} ((-2.573609023 - a)^2 + (-2.548154439 - b)^2 \\
& - r^2) (5.147218046 + 2 a) + \frac{2}{21} ((6.217213677 - a)^2 + (-2.005216909 \\
& - b)^2 - r^2) (-12.43442735 + 2 a) + \frac{2}{21} ((-5.376771502 - a)^2 + (\\
& -0.648554025 - b)^2 - r^2) (10.75354300 + 2 a) + \frac{2}{21} ((1.957880079 - a)^2 \\
& + (-3.482722737 - b)^2 - r^2) (-3.915760158 + 2 a)
\end{aligned}
\tag{6}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \frac{2}{21} ((9.611841272 - a)^2 + (1.296996009 - b)^2 - r^2) (-19.22368254 \\
& + 2 a) + \frac{2}{21} ((8.583836714 - a)^2 + (-0.279452485 - b)^2 - r^2) (\\
& -17.16767343 + 2 a) + \frac{2}{21} ((0.8999904708 - a)^2 + (15.74576754 - b)^2 \\
& - r^2) (-1.799980942 + 2 a)
\end{aligned}$$

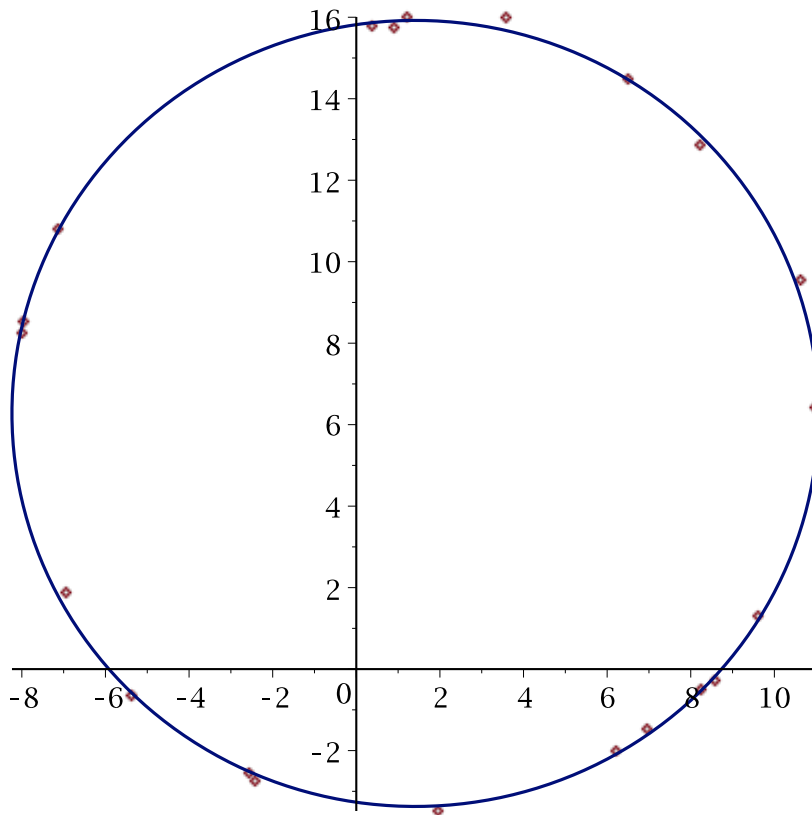
> saul := solve({diff(H(a, b, r, data), a) = 0,
diff(H(a, b, r, data), b) = 0,
diff(H(a, b, r, data), r) = 0})

saul := {a = 1.759554621, b = 6.101309227, r = 0.}, {a = 4.425622437
+ 1.577999976 I, b = 6.052756424 - 14.09636695 I, r = 0.}, {a
= 2.095285400 + 13.33705866 I, b = 7.935958431 + 0.7960221885 I, r = 0.}
, {a = 2.095285400 - 13.33705866 I, b = 7.935958431 - 0.7960221885 I, r
= 0.}, {a = 4.425622437 - 1.577999976 I, b = 6.052756424
+ 14.09636695 I, r = 0.}, {a = 1.409800682, b = 6.275566340, r
= 9.646968874}, {a = 1.409800682, b = 6.275566340, r = -9.646968874}

> circ := subs({a = 1.409800682, b = 6.275566340, r = 9.646968874},
[r*cos(t) + a, r*sin(t) + b, t = 0..2*Pi]);

circ := [9.646968874 cos(t) + 1.409800682, 9.646968874 sin(t)
+ 6.275566340, t = 0..2 pi] (8)

> plot([data, circ], style = [point, line]);



```
> saul[6];
      {a = 1.409800682, b = 6.275566340, r = 9.646968874}      (9)
```

```
> saul,
      {a = 1.759554621, b = 6.101309227, r = 0.}, {a = 4.425622437
      + 1.577999976 I, b = 6.052756424 - 14.09636695 I, r = 0.}, {a
      = 2.095285400 + 13.33705866 I, b = 7.935958431 + 0.7960221885 I, r = 0.}
      , {a = 2.095285400 - 13.33705866 I, b = 7.935958431 - 0.7960221885 I, r
      = 0.}, {a = 4.425622437 - 1.577999976 I, b = 6.052756424
      + 14.09636695 I, r = 0.}, {a = 1.409800682, b = 6.275566340, r
      = 9.646968874}, {a = 1.409800682, b = 6.275566340, r = -9.646968874}
```

```
> map(x -> x^2, [1, 2, 3, 9]);
      [1, 4, 9, 81]      (11)
```

```
> saul[2][3];
      r = 0.      (12)
```

```
> saul[7][3];
      r = -9.646968874      (13)
```

```
> subs(saul[7], r);
-9.646968874 (14)
```

```
> subs(saul[2], r);
0. (15)
```

```
> goodsol := s → subs(s, r);
goodsol := s → subs(s, r) (16)
```

```
> map(goodsol, [saul]);
[0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 9.646968874, -9.646968874] (17)
```

```
> goodsol := s → if (subs(s, r) > 0) then true, else false, fi;
goodsol := s → if 0 < subs(s, r) then true else false end if (18)
```

```
> map(goodsol, [saul]);
[false, false, false, false, false, true, false] (19)
```

```
> select(goodsol, [saul]);
[{a = 1.409800682, b = 6.275566340, r = 9.646968874}] (20)
```

```
> remove(goodsol, [saul]);
[{a = 1.759554621, b = 6.101309227, r = 0.}, {a = 4.425622437
+ 1.577999976 I, b = 6.052756424 - 14.09636695 I, r = 0.}, {a
= 2.095285400 + 13.33705866 I, b = 7.935958431 + 0.7960221885 I, r = 0.}
, {a = 2.095285400 - 13.33705866 I, b = 7.935958431 - 0.7960221885 I, r
= 0.}, {a = 4.425622437 - 1.577999976 I, b = 6.052756424
+ 14.09636695 I, r = 0.}, {a = 1.409800682, b = 6.275566340, r =
-9.646968874}] (21)
```

```
>
>
>
```

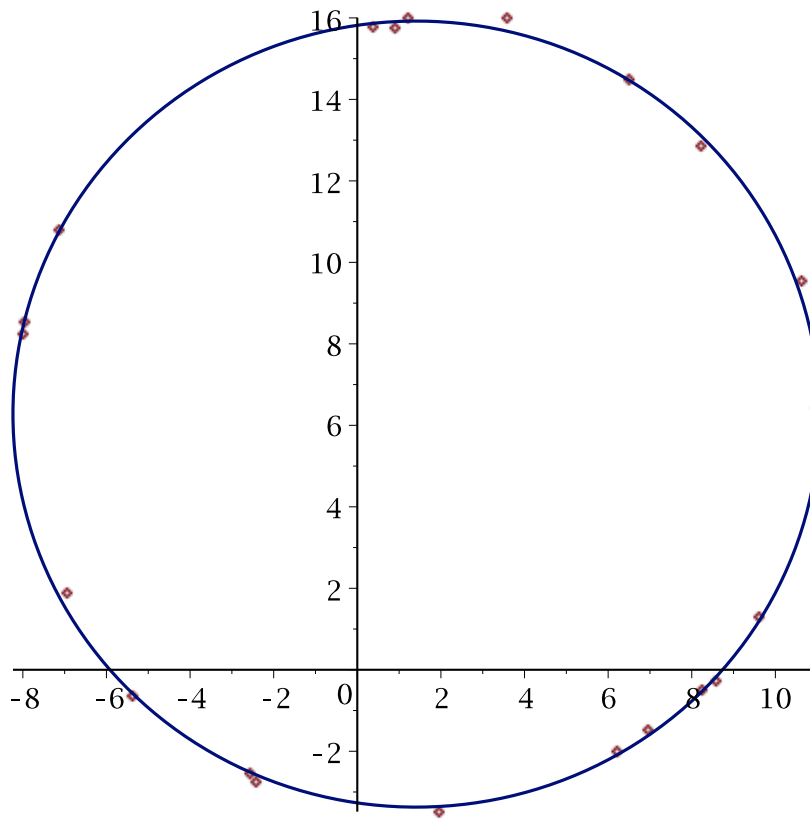
automate this.

Want FitCirc that finds the circle $[r \cdot \cos(t) + a, r \cdot \sin(t) + b, t = 0..2 \cdot \text{Pi}]$ given datapoints.

```
> FitCirc := proc (data)
  local v, H, sol, goodsol, good, circ;
  v := (a, b, r, p) → (p[1] - a)2 + (p[2] - b)2 - r2;
  H := (a, b, r, pts) →  $\frac{\text{sum}(v(a, b, r, \text{pts}[i])^2, i = 1..nops(\text{pts}))}{nops(\text{pts})}$ ;
  sol := solve( {diff(H(a, b, r, data), a) = 0,
                diff(H(a, b, r, data), b) = 0,
                diff(H(a, b, r, data), r) = 0});
  goodsol := s → if (subs(s, r) > 0) then true, else false, fi;
  good := op(select(goodsol, [sol]));
  circ := subs(good, [r · cos(t) + a, r · sin(t) + b, t = 0..2 · Pi]);
end;
```

```
> FitCirc(data);  
[9.646968874 cos(t) + 1.409800682, 9.646968874 sin(t) + 6.275566340, t = 0 ..2 π]
```

```
> plot([data, FitCirc(data)], style = [point, line]);
```



```
> data := circle_pts( ) : plot([data, FitCirc(data)], style = [point, line]);
```

