Want to describe an (unpowered) glider.

Coords which describe (almost) everything:  $\theta$  = angle nose makes with horizontal.

v = forward velocity, ie, in the direction of  $\theta$ 

Restrict to v>0,  $\theta = anv$ 

Not describing in x-y coordinates,

Can write equations as

$$\frac{dv}{dt} = -\sin(\theta) - Rv^2 \qquad \frac{d\theta}{dt} = v - \frac{\cos\theta}{v}$$

$$\frac{d\theta}{dt} = v - \frac{\cos\theta}{v}$$

Remember that v and  $\theta$  are functions of t, ie  $\theta(t)$ , v(t)

Easy case: R=0.

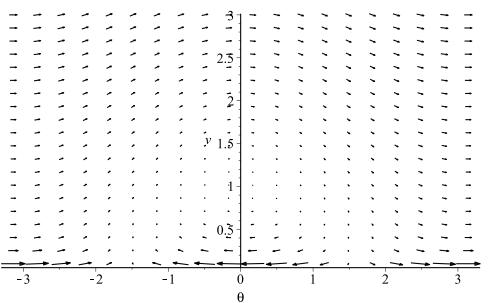
special solution,  $\theta(t) = 0$ , v(t) = 1 --- level flight

What happens if  $\theta = 0$ , but v(t) > 1 (by a little),

initially, v will decrease,  $\theta$  increase, but then v increases,  $\theta$  decrease, sinusoidal motion,.

**>** *with*(*plots*):

>  $fieldplot\left(\left[v-\frac{\cos(\text{theta})}{v}, -\sin(\text{theta})\right], \text{ theta} = -\text{Pi}..\text{Pi}, v = 0.1 ...3, arrows = slim}\right);$ 



## LUse the DEtools package, use DEplot

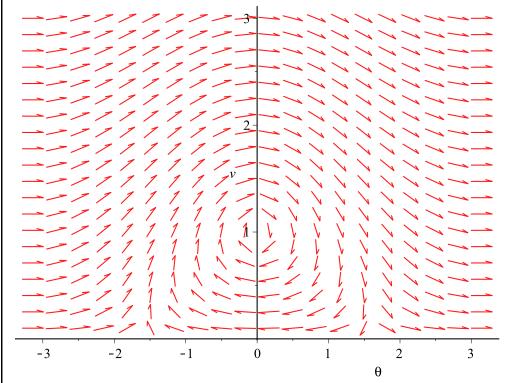
- > restart;
- $\triangleright$  with(DEtools):

> 
$$phug := \left[ diff\left( \text{theta}(t), t \right) = v(t) - \frac{\cos(\text{theta}(t))}{v(t)}, diff\left( v(t), t \right) = -\sin(\text{theta}(t)) - R \cdot (v(t))^2 \right];$$

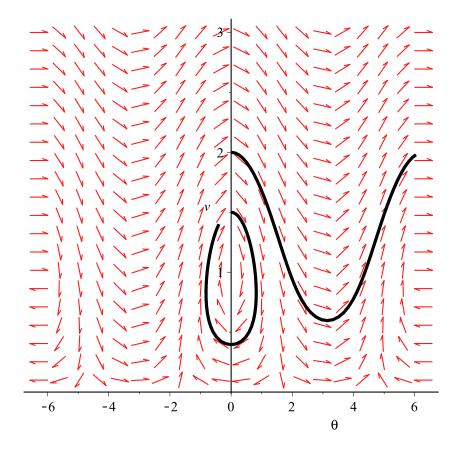
$$phug := \left[ \frac{d}{dt} \theta(t) = v(t) - \frac{\cos(\theta(t))}{v(t)}, \frac{d}{dt} v(t) = -\sin(\theta(t)) \right]$$
(2)

> 
$$R := 0$$
;  $R := 0$  (3)

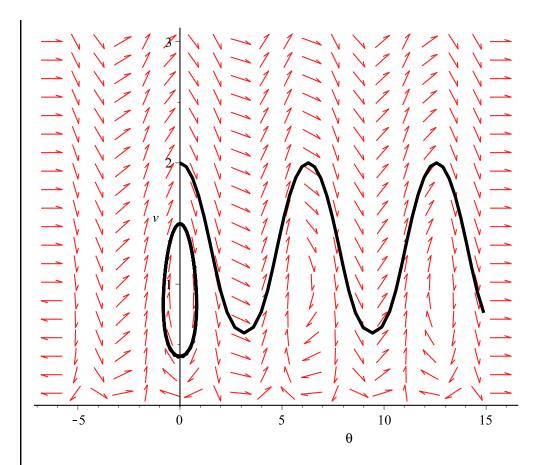
> DEplot(phug, [theta(t), v(t)], t = 0..1, theta = -Pi..Pi, v = 0.1..3);



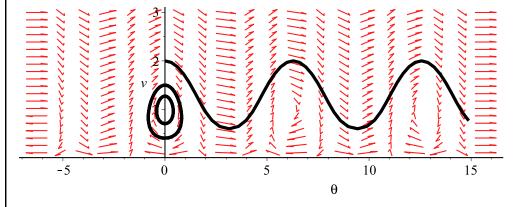
>  $DEplot(phug, [theta(t), v(t)], t = 0..4, theta = -2 \cdot Pi..2 \cdot Pi, v = 0.1..3, [theta(0) = 0, v(0) = 1.5], [theta(0) = 0, v(0) = 2]], linecolor = black);$ 



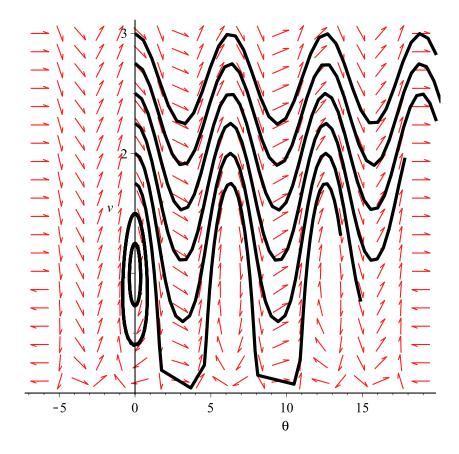
>  $DEplot(phug, [theta(t), v(t)], t = 0..10, theta = -2 \cdot Pi..5 \cdot Pi, v = 0.1..3, [[theta(0) = 0, v(0) = 1.5], [theta(0) = 0, v(0) = 2]], linecolor = black);$ 



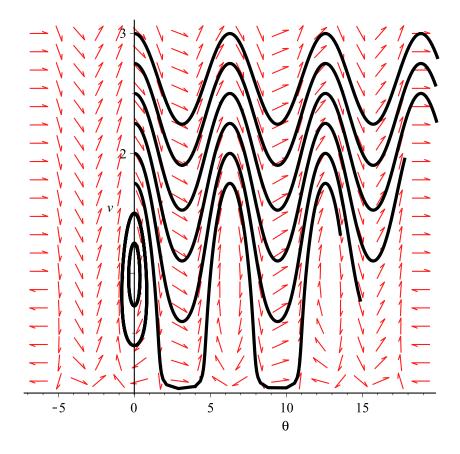
>  $DEplot(phug, [theta(t), v(t)], t = 0..10, theta = -2 \cdot Pi...5 \cdot Pi, v = 0.1..3, [[theta(0) = 0, v(0) = 0.7], [theta(0) = 0, v(0) = 1.5], [theta(0) = 0, v(0) = 2]], linecolor = black);$ 



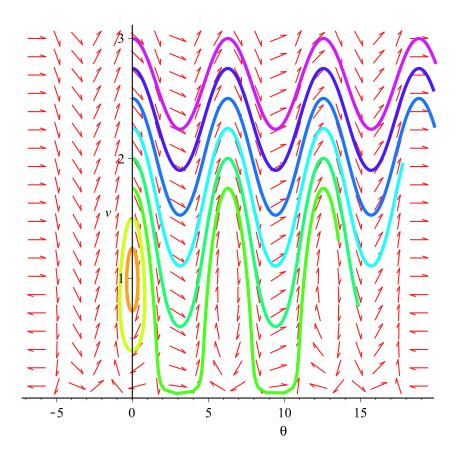
>  $DEplot(phug, [theta(t), v(t)], t = 0..10, theta = -2 \cdot Pi..6 \cdot Pi, v = 0.1..3, [seq([theta(0) = 0, v(0) = i], i = 1..3, 0.25)], linecolor = black, obsrange = false);$ 



**>**  $DEplot(phug, [theta(t), v(t)], t = 0..10, theta = -2 \cdot Pi..6 \cdot Pi, v = 0.1..3, [seq([theta(0) = 0, v(0) = i], i = 1..3, 0.25)], linecolor = black, obsrange = false, numpoints = 200);$ 



>  $DEplot(phug, [theta(t), v(t)], t = 0..10, theta = -2 \cdot Pi...6 \cdot Pi, v = 0.1..3, [seq([theta(0) = 0, v(0) = i], i = 1...3, 0.25)], linecolor = [seq(COLOR(HUE, i), i = 0...1, 0.1)], obsrange = false, numpoints = 200);$ 



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