The chemicals methyl bromide  $(CH_3Br)$  and sodium thiosulphate  $(Na_2S_2O_3)$  react to produce  $Br^$ and  $NaCH_3S_2O$ . The total amount of sodium thiosulfate S(t) at time *t* is well modeled by the logistic equation S'(t) = rS(t)(S(t) - K). The constant *r* can be taken to be -1/120, and *K* depends on the relative concentration of the two chemicals. For the purposes of this question, let K = 180.

Since some of you may have memorized the solution to the logistic equation, I might as well tell you that  $S(t) = \frac{K}{1 + CKe^{rKt}}$  for some constant *C*.

1. If the initial amount of sodium thiosulphate is 300 grams, what will be the amount after a long time?

2. If the initial amount of sodium thiosulphate is 30 grams, at what time *t* will there be 60 grams? Please leave your answer as an exact number. Do not approximate *e*, fractions, logarithms,  $\pi$  and so on.