Practice Midterm 1 MAT 125, Spring 2006 Time: 1 hour 30 mins

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Please answer each question in the space provided. Show your work whenever possible. Unless otherwise marked, **answers without justification will get little or no partial credit**. Cross out anything the grader should ignore and circle or box the final answer.

No calculators!

(1) Calculate the following limits

(a) $\lim_{x\to 2} 3x^2 + x - 2$ (b) $\lim_{y\to -3} |y+3|$ (c) $\lim_{x\to 2} \frac{x^2 + x - 6}{x-2}$ (d) $\lim_{q\to 2} \frac{2q^2 + 5}{\sqrt{q+2}}$ (e) $\lim_{t\to 3} \frac{\sqrt{t} - \sqrt{3}}{t-3}$ (f) $\lim_{s\to 0} s^2 \cos\left(s + \frac{1}{s}\right)$

(2) Calculate

$$\lim_{x \to (\pi/2)-} \frac{1 + \tan x}{1 - \tan x}$$

(3) Let $f(x) = \left|1 + \frac{1}{x}\right|$.

(a) Sketch the graph of f and identify the asymptotes.

(b) Find all values of x for which f is not continuous.

(4) Find

$$\lim_{x \to 1} e^{(x^2 - x - 1)}$$

Between which two integers (whole numbers) does the answer lie?

(5) Use the graphs of f(x) and g(x) below to compute each of the following quantities. If the quantity is not defined, say so.



(6) Consider the function

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} \frac{t}{t-1} & t \ge 0\\ t+1 & t < 0 \end{cases}$$

(a) At which points is this function continuous?

(b) Find the left and right limits, if they exist, at t = 0.

(7) Explain, without using a graphing calculator, why the equation $x^5 - 3x + 1 = 0$ must have a solution with 0 < x < 1.