

MATH 533, SPRING 2020, HW8

DUE IN CLASS, APRIL 13

**Problem 1.** A distribution  $F$  is called harmonic if  $\sum_1^n \partial_j^2 F = 0$ . If  $F$  is harmonic and tempered, prove that  $F$  is a polynomial.

**Problem 2.** Let  $f$  be a continuous function on  $\mathbb{R}^n \setminus \{0\}$  which is homogeneous of degree  $-n$ ,  $f(rx) = r^{-n}f(x)$  for  $r > 0$ , and has mean 0 on the unit sphere. Show that  $f$  is not locally integrable near 0 unless  $f = 0$ , but  $f$  defines a tempered distribution  $PV(f)$  by

$$\langle PV(f), \phi \rangle = \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0} \int_{|x| > \epsilon} f(x)\phi(x)dx.$$

The limit equals

$$\int_{|x| \leq 1} f(x)[\phi(x) - \phi(0)]dx + \int_{|x| > 1} f(x)\phi(x)dx,$$

and these integrals converge absolutely.

**Problem 3.** On  $\mathbb{R}$ , let  $F = PV((\pi x)^{-1})$ . Check that

- (1)  $\hat{F}(\xi) = -i \operatorname{sgn} \xi$ .
- (2) The map  $\phi \rightarrow F * \phi$ , initially defined on Schwartz functions, extends to a unitary operator on  $L^2$ .

This is called the Hilbert transform.

**Problem 4.** Give  $C^\infty(\mathbb{T}^n)$  the Fréchet space topology defined by the seminorms  $\|\phi\|_{(\alpha)} = \|\partial^\alpha \phi\|_\infty$ . The space  $\mathcal{D}'(\mathbb{T}^n)$  of distributions on  $\mathbb{T}^n$  is the space of continuous linear functionals on  $C^\infty(\mathbb{T}^n)$ , with the weak \* topology. Prove the following.

- (1) Distributions on  $\mathbb{T}^n$  can be translated, differentiated, and multiplied by  $C^\infty$  functions, just as on  $\mathbb{R}^n$ .

- (2) If  $F \in \mathcal{D}'(\mathbb{T}^n)$ , its Fourier transform is the function  $\hat{F}$  on  $\mathbb{Z}^n$  defined by  $\hat{F}(\kappa) = \langle F, E_\kappa \rangle$  where  $E_\kappa(x) = e^{-2\pi i \kappa \cdot x}$ . Prove that a function  $g$  on  $\mathbb{Z}^n$  is the Fourier transform of a distribution on  $\mathbb{T}^n$  iff  $|g(\kappa)| \leq C(1 + |\kappa|)^N$  for some  $C, N > 0$ .
- (3) If  $F \in \mathcal{D}'(\mathbb{T}^n)$  and  $\phi \in C^\infty(\mathbb{T}^n)$ , prove  $\langle F, \bar{\phi} \rangle = \sum_\kappa \hat{F}(\kappa) \overline{\hat{\phi}(\kappa)}$ .

**Problem 5.** If  $k \in \mathbb{N}$ ,  $H_k$  is the space of  $L^2$  functions whose  $L^2$  derivatives up to order  $k$  exist. Show that these strong derivatives coincide with the distribution derivatives.