

1.3.14 $\frac{dy}{dx} = \sqrt[3]{y}$ $y(0) = 0$

$\frac{dy}{dx} = f(x,y)$ where $f(x,y) = \sqrt[3]{y}$

- ~~function~~ f is continuous everywhere
- $D_y f = \frac{1}{3} y^{-2/3}$ is continuous for all (x,y) except when $y=0$.

Theorem 1 does not guarantee existence nor uniqueness to the given initial value problem. Nonetheless, solutions do exist such as

$$y(x) = 0 \quad \text{or} \quad y(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{for } x \leq 0, \\ \left[\frac{2}{3}x\right]^{3/2} & \text{for } x > 0. \end{cases}$$

1.3.18 $y \frac{dy}{dx} = x-1$ $y(1) = 0$

$\frac{dy}{dx} = f(x,y)$ where $f(x,y) = \frac{x-1}{y}$

- f is continuous everywhere except when $y=0$
- $D_y f = \frac{1-x}{y^2}$ is continuous everywhere except when $y=0$.

Theorem 1 does not guarantee existence nor uniqueness. Two solutions do exist however,

$$y_1(x) = x-1 \quad \text{and} \quad y_2(x) = 1-x$$

1.3.25 The following was plotted using Maple computer software.

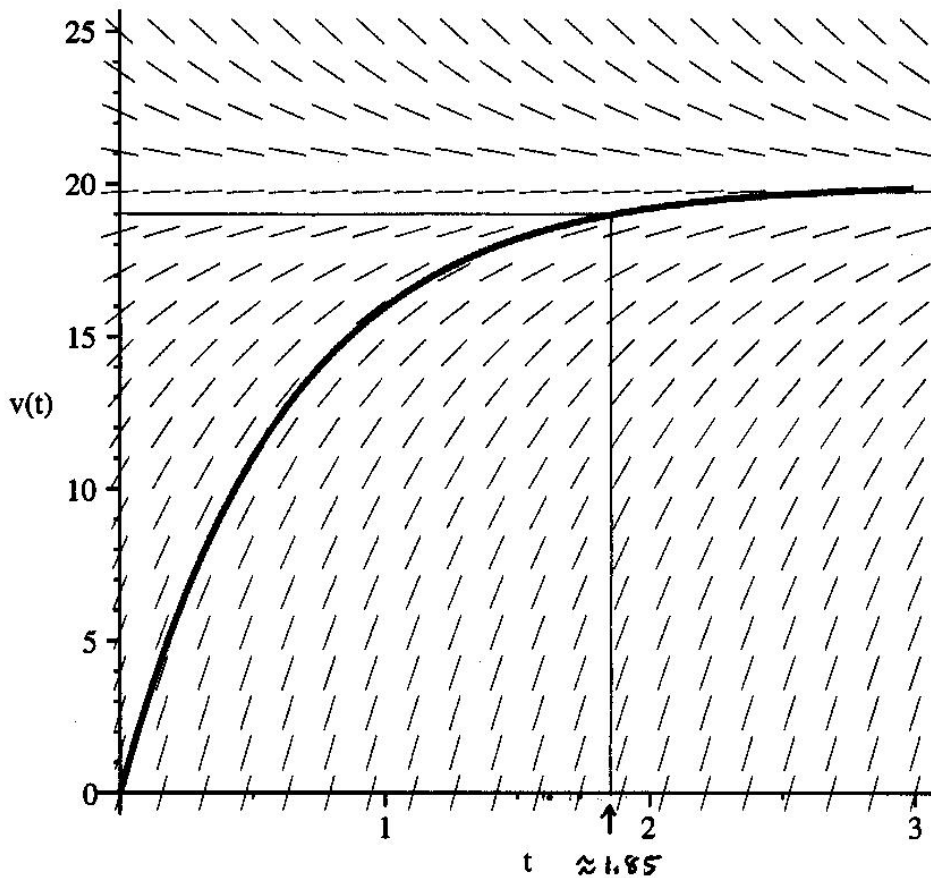
with(DEtools):

ode := diff(v(t), t) = 32 - 1.6*v(t);

$$\frac{d}{dt} v(t) = 32 - 1.6 v(t)$$

(1)

DEplot(ode, v(t), t=0..3, v=0..25, [v(0)=0], arrows=line);



Limiting velocity: $v_{\infty} = 20$ ft/s

95% of limiting velocity is $0.95 \cdot 20 = 19$

It will take approximately 1.85 seconds to achieve this velocity.

1.3.26

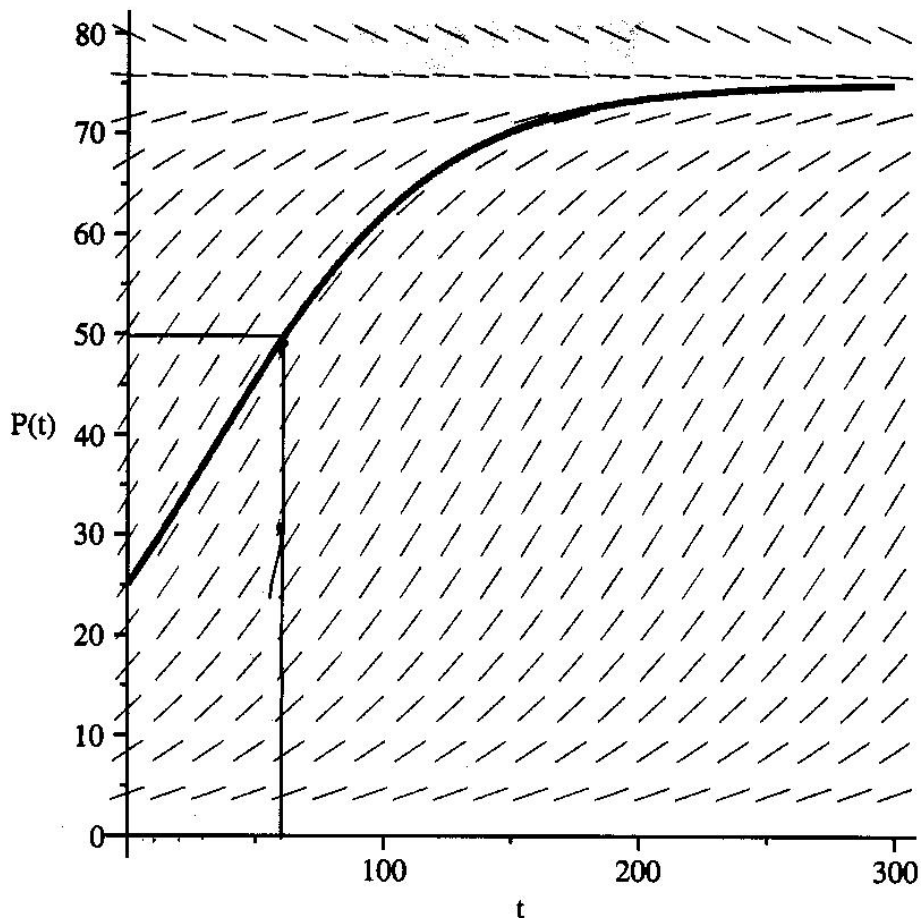
with(DEtools) :

ode := diff(P(t), t) = 0.0225 · P(t) - 0.0003 · P(t)²;

$$\frac{d}{dt} P(t) = 0.0225 P(t) - 0.0003 P(t)^2$$

(1)

DEplot(ode, P(t), t = 0..300, P = 0..80, [P(0) = 25], arrows = line);



It will take approximately 60 months for the population to double.

The limiting deer population is 75 deer.