## MAT 535: HOMEWORK 4 DUE THU Feb 🗙 23

Problems marked by asterisk (\*) are optional.

**1.** (a) Find  $2 \times 2$  matrix *a* satisfying

$$a^2 = (a^*)^2 = 0$$
 and  $aa^* + a^*a = I$ ,

where  $a^*$  is a Hermitian conjugate of a and I is the identity matrix.

(b) Find  $2^n \times 2^n$  matrices  $a_1, \ldots, a_n$  satisfying

 $[a_i, a_j]_+ = [a_i^*, a_j^*]_+ = 0$  and  $[a_i, a_j^*]_+ = \delta_{ij}I$ 

for all i, j = 1, ..., n, where  $a_i^*$  is a Hermitian conjugate of  $a_i$  and I is the identity matrix.

**2.** (a) Prove that vectors  $v_1, \ldots, v_k \in V$  in a *F*-vector space *V* are linear independent if and only if

$$v_1 \wedge \cdots \wedge v_k \neq 0.$$

(b) Let  $W_1$  and  $W_2$  be a subspaces of V with bases  $u_1, \ldots, u_k$  and  $v_1, \ldots, v_k$ . Prove that

$$x_1 \wedge \dots \wedge x_k = cy_1 \wedge \dots \wedge y_k$$

with some non-zero  $c \in F$  if and only if  $W_1 = W_2$ .

**3.** (Cartan's lemma) Suppose that  $v_1, \ldots, v_k \in V$  are linear independent in a *F*-vector space *V* and  $u_1, \ldots, u_k \in V$  are such that

$$u_1 \wedge v_1 + \dots + u_k \wedge v_k = 0.$$

Prove that there is a symmetric  $k \times k$  matrix A such that

$$u_i = \sum_{j=1}^k a_{ij} v_j, \quad i = 1, \dots, k.$$

- \*4. Prove Lemma 1 in the notes.
- **\*5.** Prove Lemma 2 in the notes.
- \*6. Prove that Koszul dual of  $A = \text{Sym}^{\bullet}(V)$  is  $A^{!} = \Lambda^{\bullet}V^{*}$  (see the notes).