

**MAT 535: HOMEWORK 1**  
DUE THU Feb 4

1. (a) Find an orthonormal eigenbasis for the operator  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$  in the standard basis of  $\mathbb{R}^2$ .  
 (b) Prove that the cyclic shift operator  $T$  in  $\mathbb{R}^n$ , defined in the standard basis by  $Te_k = e_{k-1}$ ,  $k = 1, \dots, n$  and  $e_0 = e_n$ , is normal and find its orthonormal eigenbasis.
2. Let  $V$  be a finite-dimensional  $\mathbb{R}$ -vector space with Euclidean inner product  $\langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle$ . Prove that then, for any symmetric operator  $A$ , the bilinear form  $B_A(u, v) = \langle Au, v \rangle$  is symmetric and that conversely, every symmetric bilinear form can be written in this form for some symmetric operator  $A$ .
3. Let  $A$  be the following tri-diagonal  $n \times n$  matrix:

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} b & c & & & \\ a & b & c & & \\ & a & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & \ddots & \ddots & c \\ & & & a & b \end{pmatrix}.$$

Prove that  $A$  determines a normal operator in  $\mathbb{R}^n$  if and only if  $a^2 = c^2$ . When  $a = c$  diagonalize  $A$  for  $n = 2, 3$ .

4. Let  $V$  be a finite-dimensional  $\mathbb{C}$ -vector space with Hermitian inner product  $\langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle$ . Prove that  $(\cdot, \cdot) = \operatorname{Re}\langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle$  is a Euclidean inner product on  $V_{\mathbb{R}}$  — the space  $V$  considered as an  $\mathbb{R}$ -vector space, and that the bilinear form  $\omega(u, v) = \operatorname{Im}\langle u, v \rangle$  on  $V_{\mathbb{R}}$  is alternating.
5. Let  $F$  be a field and let  $\mathcal{A}$  be an associative  $F$ -algebra with 1. Let  $S \subseteq \mathcal{A}$  be such that  $st = ts$  for every  $s, t \in S$ . Let  $\mathcal{B}$  be the smallest  $F$ -subalgebra of  $\mathcal{A}$  which contains the subset  $S$  and 1. Prove that  $\mathcal{B}$  is commutative. (*Hint*: Prove first that if  $st = ts$  then  $s^n t^m = t^m s^n$  for all  $m, n \in \mathbb{N}$ ).
6. Let  $V$  be a finite-dimensional  $\mathbb{C}$ -vector space with Hermitian inner product and let  $A, B$  be commuting self-adjoint operators on  $V$ . Prove that  $A$  and  $B$  have a common orthonormal eigenbasis.
7. Let  $V$  be a finite-dimensional  $\mathbb{C}$ -vector space with Hermitian inner product, and let  $A$  be an invertible, normal operator on  $V$ . Prove that there exists a unique factorization  $A = UP = PU$ , where  $U$  is unitary and  $P$  is positive, that is,  $(Pv, v) > 0$  for all non-zero  $v \in V$ . (*Hint*: Relate  $P$  and  $A^*A$  and prove that  $U = AP^{-1}$  is unitary. Note that commutativity of  $U$  and  $P$  is equivalent to  $A$  being a normal operator).