MATH 501 FALL 2016 FINAL EXAM PART A

Name

You are allowed to work with other MAT 501 students on these problems. You may *not* discuss these problems with anyone else outside of class. In particular, you may not use the MLC tutors. The final write-up should be your own work and communicate your own understanding.

- (1) Let m, n, and ℓ denote three distinct parallel lines. Give a *precise* description of the composition of reflections: $r_m \circ r_n \circ r_\ell$. Prove your result. Make sure your proof will work for any configuration of three parallel lines.
- (2) Prove that any reflection is an isometry. That is, prove that, for any two points A and B, the distance d(A, B) between point A and point B is equal to the distance $d(r_{\ell}(A), r_{\ell}(B))$, where r_{ℓ} denotes the reflection of the plane through line ℓ .
- (3) Prove that, by repeatedly composing only two reflections, one can generate each of the eight symmetries of a square. Can you do the same for an arbitrary n-gon, which has 2n symmetries?