Linear Functions

Let A denote a real number, and consider the system of equations:

x + y + z = 102x - 2y + 5z = 7Ax + Ay + Az = 5

Is it possible for this system to have infinitely many solutions?

(a) Yes

(b) No



Answer: Yes

- If A = 1/2 then you have two equations and three unknowns.
- This would work well for a graphical interpretation as well as an algebraic one.

