MAT 322/523 ANALYSIS IN SEVERAL DIMENSIONS HOMEWORK 1

DUE: MONDAY JANUARY 29, 12:00PM

- Each problem is worth 10 points.
- Submit the homework via Gradescope.
- Only submit problems 2, 5 and 6.

1. (Munkres §1.1) Let V be a vector space with inner product $\langle x, y \rangle$ and norm $||x|| = \langle x, x \rangle^{1/2}$.

- (a) Prove the Cauchy–Schwarz inequality $\langle \boldsymbol{x}, \boldsymbol{y} \rangle \leq \|\boldsymbol{x}\| \|\boldsymbol{y}\|$. [*Hint:* If $\boldsymbol{x}, \boldsymbol{y} \neq \boldsymbol{0}$, set $c = 1/\|\boldsymbol{x}\|$ and $d = 1/\|\boldsymbol{y}\|$ and use the fact that $\|c\boldsymbol{x} \pm d\boldsymbol{y}\| \geq 0$.]
- (b) Prove that $\|\boldsymbol{x} + \boldsymbol{y}\| \le \|\boldsymbol{x}\| + \|\boldsymbol{y}\|$. [*Hint:* Compute $\langle \boldsymbol{x} + \boldsymbol{y}, \boldsymbol{x} + \boldsymbol{y} \rangle$ and apply (a).]
- (c) Prove that $\|\boldsymbol{x} \boldsymbol{y}\| \ge \|\boldsymbol{x}\| \|\boldsymbol{y}\|$.
- **2.** (Munkres §1.4)
 - (a) If $\boldsymbol{x} = (x_1, x_2)$ and $\boldsymbol{y} = (y_1, y_2)$, show that the function

$$\langle \boldsymbol{x}, \boldsymbol{y}
angle = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 & x_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

is an inner product on \mathbb{R}^2 .

(b) Show that the function

$$\langle \boldsymbol{x}, \boldsymbol{y}
angle = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 & x_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ b & c \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

is an inner product on \mathbb{R}^2 if and only if $b^2 - ac < 0$ and a > 0.

3. (Munkres §2.1) Consider the matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2\\ 1 & -1\\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

- (a) Find two different left inverses for A.
- (b) Show that A has no right inverse.
- **4.** (Munkres §2.4) Let A be an n by m matrix with $n \neq m$.
 - (a) If rank A = m, show there exists a matrix D that is a product of elementary matrices such that

$$D \cdot A = \begin{bmatrix} I_m \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

- (b) Show that A has a left inverse if and only if rank A = m.
- (c) Show that A has a right inverse if and only if rank A = n.

- **5.** (Munkres §3.2) Let $Y \subset X$. Give an example where A is open in Y but not open in X. Give an example where A is closed in Y but not closed in X.
- **6.** (Munkres §3.6) Let $X = A \cup B$, where A and B are subspaces of X. Let $f: X \to Y$; suppose that the restricted functions

$$f|_A \colon A \longrightarrow Y \text{ and } f|_B \colon B \longrightarrow Y$$

are continuous. Show that if A and B are closed in X, then f is continuous.

7. (Munkres §3.8) Let $f \colon \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ be defined by setting $f(x) = \sin x$ if x is rational, and f(x) = 0 otherwise. At what points is f continuous?