MAT 132: Calculus 2 Practice Problems for Midterm 1

Stony Brook University

Problem 1. Compute the following integrals:

$$\int \left(\frac{1}{2x-3} + e^{-x}\right) dx$$

$$\int_0^{\pi} 2\cos^2 x dx$$

$$\int_{1}^{2} \frac{x^2}{(x^3+1)^2} dx$$

$$\int \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{\ln x}}$$

$$\int_0^{\pi} 2x \cos(2x) dx$$

Problem 2. Let *R* denote the region in the plane bounded by the 4 curves x = -1, x = 1, y = 0, and $y = \frac{x+1}{(x+2)(x+4)}$. (a) Express the area of R as a definite integral.

(b) Evaluate the definite integral of part (a).

Fall 2021

Problem 3. A particle is moving along the *x*-axis; its speed at any time $t \ge 0$ is given in terms of *t* by the formula $\frac{\ln(t+1)}{(t+1)^2}$.

(a) Express the total distance traveled by the particle during the time interval $1 \le t \le 3$ as a definite integral.

(b) Evaluate the definite integral of part (a).

Problem 4. Find the arc length of the curve $y = x^{3/2}$, where $0 \le x \le 1$.

Problem 5. (a) Draw the region bounded by the curves $y = e^x + 1$, x = 0, x = 1, and y = 0.

(b) Compute the volume when the region is rotated around the x-axis.

Problem 6. For each of the following improper integrals, determine whether it converges or not. If the integral converges, then determine its value.

$$\int_0^\infty x e^{-x^2} dx$$

$$\int_{-1}^{1} \frac{x}{(1-x)^2} dx$$

Problem 7. Consider a thin rod oriented on the x-axis over the interval [1,3]. If the density of the rod is given by $\rho(x) = 2x^2 + 3$, what is the mass of the rod?

Problem 8. A spring has a natural length of 10 cm. It takes 2 J to stretch the spring to 15 cm. How much work would it take to stretch the spring from 15 cm to 20 cm?