

**Math 534**  
**Problem Set 3**

due Thursday, September 20, 2018

1. Let  $G$  be a finite group,  $P$  a Sylow  $p$ -subgroup of  $G$ . If  $N$  is a normal subgroup of  $G$ , show that  $P \cap N$  is a Sylow  $p$ -subgroup of  $N$ , and  $PN/N$  is a Sylow  $p$ -subgroup of  $G/N$ .
2. Let  $G$  be a finite group,  $p$  a prime, and  $H$  a  $p$ -subgroup of  $G$ . Show that there is a Sylow  $p$ -subgroup of  $G$  containing  $H$ .
3. Let  $P$  and  $Q$  be Sylow  $p$ -subgroups of a finite group  $G$ . Suppose the center  $Z(P)$  of  $P$  is contained in  $Q$  and is normal in  $Q$ . Prove that  $Z(P) = Z(Q)$ .
4. Let  $G$  be a group of order  $p^2q$ , where  $p$  and  $q$  are distinct primes. Prove that  $G$  has a normal Sylow subgroup.
5. Let  $G$  be a finite group,  $P$  a Sylow  $p$ -subgroup of  $G$ . Suppose that  $H$  is a subgroup of  $G$  containing  $N(P)$ . Show that  $(G:H) \equiv 1 \pmod{p}$ .
6. Let  $K$  be a normal subgroup of a finite group  $G$ . If  $P$  is a Sylow  $p$ -subgroup of  $K$ , prove that  $G = K \cdot N_G(P)$ , where  $N_G(P)$  is the normalizer of  $P$  in  $G$ .
7. Let  $G$  be a finite group of order 80. Show that  $G$  is not simple.
8. Suppose that the number  $n_p$  of Sylow  $p$ -subgroups of a finite group  $G$  satisfies  $n_p \not\equiv 1 \pmod{p^2}$ . Prove that there are two distinct Sylow  $p$ -subgroups  $P$  and  $Q$  such that  $|P \cap Q| = |P|/p$ .
9. Let  $G = N_0 \supseteq N_1 \supseteq \cdots \supseteq N_r = \{1\}$  be a *composition series* for a finite group  $G$ , meaning that each  $N_{i+1}$  is a normal subgroup of  $N_i$ , and that the factor groups  $N_i/N_{i+1}$  are all simple. Suppose that one of the  $N_i$  is a Sylow  $p$ -subgroup of  $G$  (for some prime  $p$ ). Prove that  $N_i$  must be normal in  $G$ .
10. Suppose that  $G$  is a nontrivial finite  $p$ -group.
  - (a) Show that the center of  $G$  is nontrivial. (Hint: Use Problem Set 2, #4.)
  - (b) Show that  $G$  is simple if and only if  $|G| = p$ .

- (c) Let  $|G| = p^n$ , and let  $G = N_0 \supseteq N_1 \supseteq \cdots \supseteq N_r = \{1\}$  be a composition series for  $G$ . Show that  $r = n$  and  $|N_i| = p^{n-i}$  for  $i = 0, 1, \dots, n$ .
- (d) Show that we can find a composition series for  $G$  such that each  $N_i$  is normal in  $G$ .