## MAT 552

Introduction to
Lie Groups and Lie Algebras

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and we get a representation $A d_{*}: \mathrm{G} \rightarrow \mathbf{G L}\left(T_{\mathrm{e}} \mathrm{G}\right)$ called the adjoint representation.

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To find out, we'll use the Lie derivative.

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When $V$ not complete, "flow" only defined on a neighborhood of $M \times\{0\} \subset M \times \mathbb{R}$ :

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\Phi: M \times \mathbb{R} \rightarrow M
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where dashed arrow means "not defined everywhere."

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Lie bracket:

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[V, W] f=V(W f)-W(V f)
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