MAT 127 Final I, P	ractice Exam
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Last Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_ First Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Student ID: \_\_\_\_\_

Problem	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
Points	10	10	40	10	10	20	100
Scores							

This midterm has five problems, weighted as shown. Please show your work – full credit may not be given if only the answers appear. No calculators or books will be allowed on this test. When calculating indefinite integrals, the answers should be in explicit forms, unless otherwise stated.

1. Sketch the directional field of the differential equation

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = xy - x^2.$$

Sketch the solution curves that satisfies the initial conditions: i) y(0) = 0; ii) y(0) = 1.

2. Use Euler's Method with step size 0.1 to estimate y(0.4), where y is the solution of the following initial-value problem

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y^2, \qquad y(0) = 0.$$

3. Solve the following **separable** differential equations:

(a) 
$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 1 - t + x - tx.$$

(b) 
$$\frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{e^y \sin^2 t}{y \sec t}$$

(c) 
$$\frac{dr}{dt} + 2tr = r$$
,  $r(0) = 5$ 

(d) 
$$x \ln x = y(1 + \sqrt{3 + y^2})y', \qquad y(1) = 1.$$

4. Find the orthogonal trajectories of the family of curves:  $y = e^{kx}$ .

5. The half-life of cesium-137 is 30 years. Suppose we have a 100-mg sample. Find the mass that remains after t years.

6. Solve the following **second order** differential equations.

(a) 
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 6\frac{dy}{dx} + 4y = 0.$$

(b) y'' + 16y = 0,  $y(\pi/4) = -3$ ,  $y'(\pi/4) = 4$ .