

## SKETCH OF SOLUTIONS (HOMEWORK VI)

- 12.- The repunits with an even number of digits.
- 19.- Let  $a = (a_n a_{n-1} \dots a_0)_{10}$  then  $a = \sum_{i=0}^n a_i 10^i \equiv a_0 + a_1 10 + a_2 100 + 1000(a_3 + a_4 10 + a_5 100) + \dots \equiv (a_0 a_1 a_2) + (a_3 a_4 a_5) + \dots \pmod{37}$  Therefore  $a$  is divisible by 37 iff  $(a_0 a_1 a_2) + (a_3 a_4 a_5) + \dots$  is divisible by 37. Using this test we get that  $443, 692 \equiv 443 + 692 \equiv 1135 \not\equiv 0 \pmod{37}$  and  $11, 092, 785 \equiv 11 + 92 + 785 \equiv 88 \equiv 0 \pmod{37}$
- 22.- Since  $88 = 11 \cdot 8$  we must have  $8 \mid x42y$  therefore  $8 \mid 42y$  therefore  $y = 4$  since  $11 \mid x424$  we must have  $11 \mid 4 - 2 + 4 - x$  i.e.  $11 \mid 6 - x$ . Therefore  $x = 6$

### Section 5.5

- 8.- a) 5 mod 10  
b) Let  $(x_i)_{10}$  be the correct id and  $(y_i)_{10}$  be the id with a single error. Then  $(x_i)_{10} - (y_i)_{10} \equiv a(x_k - y_k) \pmod{10}$  with  $a$  being either 3, 7 or 9. Since 3, 7 and 9 are units modulo 10 a single error can always be detected.  
c) A transposition which are not detected are the transpositions of digits  $x_i$  and  $x_j$  such that  $i \mid j \pmod{3}$  or  $x_i \equiv x_j \pmod{5}$
- 12.- a) 7 b) 9 c) 7
- 13.-  $0 - 07 - 289905 - 0$
- 16.- a) 2 b) 4 c) 3 d) 7
- 17.- Let  $(x_i)_{10}$  be the correct UPC code and  $(y_i)_{10}$  be the UPC code with a single transposition. Then  $(x_i)_{10} - (y_i)_{10} \equiv a(x_k - y_k) \pmod{10}$  where  $a$  is either 3 or 1. Since 1 and 3 are units modulo 10 a single transposition can always be detected.