

```

> with(StringTools):
> Alphabet := " ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ";
      Alphabet := " ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ" (1)
> Julius := (text, shift) → cat( seq( Alphabet[ SearchText(text[i], Alphabet) + shift
      mod 27], i = 1 ..length(text)) ) :
> Julius("ORANGE", 3);
                           "RUDQJH" (2)
> Julius("ORANGE", 0);
                           "ORANGE" (3)
> Julius("ORANGE", 5);
                           "TWFSLJ" (4)
> Julius(%,-5);
                           "ORANGE" (5)
> Julius("ORANGE", 12);
Error. (in Julius) invalid range for string subscript
> Julius("ORANGE", 17);
                           "EHRDXV" (6)
> Julius("ZZZ", 0);
Error. (in Julius) invalid range for string subscript
> Julius := (text, shift) → cat( seq( Alphabet[ 1 + (SearchText(text[i], Alphabet)
      + shift) mod 27], i = 1 ..length(text)) ) :
> Julius("ZZZ", 0);
                           " " (7)
> Julius("ABC", 0);
                           "BCD" (8)
> Julius := (text, shift) → cat( seq( Alphabet[ 1 + (SearchText(text[i], Alphabet)
      + shift) mod 26], i = 1 ..length(text)) ) :
> Julius("ZZZ", 0);
                           "AAA" (9)
> Julius := (text, shift) → cat( seq( Alphabet[ (SearchText(text[i], Alphabet) + shift)
      mod 27], i = 1 ..length(text)) ) :
> Julius("ZZZ", 0);
Error. (in Julius) invalid range for string subscript
> Julius := (text, shift) → cat( seq( Alphabet[ (SearchText(text[i], Alphabet) + shift)
      mod 27], i = 0 ..length(text)) ) :
> Julius("ZZZ", 0);
Error. (in Julius) invalid range for string subscript
> Julius("A", 0);
Error. (in Julius) invalid range for string subscript
> SearchText("Z", Alphabet);
                           27 (10)
> SearchText("Z", Alphabet) mod 27;

```

(11)


```

> convert(Alphabet, bytes);
[65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85,      (28)
  86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 32, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107,
  108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 46]
> convert([32, 46, 97], bytes);
          " .a"                                (29)
> convert([29], bytes);
          " "                                 (30)
> convert([seq(i, i = 1 .. 127)], bytes);
          " "                                (31)

          !"#$%&'()*C,-./0123456789::!=O ?
@ABCDEFGHIJKLMNPQRSTUVWXYZ[\]^_`abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz{|}
~• "
> IsPrintable("A");
          true                                (32)
> IsPrintable(convert([3], bytes));
          false                               (33)
> convert([3], bytes);
          " "                                (34)
> Select(IsPrintable, convert([seq(i, i = 1 .. 127)], bytes));
"!"#$%&'()*C,-./0123456789::!=O ?@ABCDEFGHIJKLMNPQRSTUVWXYZ[ ]
  ^_`abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz{|}~"
> Select(IsUpper, convert([seq(i, i = 1 .. 127)], bytes));
          "ABCDEFGHIJKLMNPQRSTUVWXYZ"        (36)
> Alphabet := Select(IsPrintable, convert([seq(i, i = 1 .. 127)], bytes));
Alphabet:=
  "!"#$%'()*+,-./0123456789:<=>?@ABCDEFGHIJKLMNPQRSTUVWXYZ[\]
  ^_`abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz{|}~"
> Julius("This is the time and this is the record of the time.", 6);
          "Znoy&oy&z nk&zosk&gtj&znoy&oy&z nk&xkiuxj&ul&z nk&zosk4"    (38)
> Julius(%,-6 );
          "This is the time and this is the record of the time."                  (39)
>
>
>
>
> StringToList := proc(str :: string)
  return(str);
end;
> StringToList("mamma");

```

```
"mamma" (40)
```

```
> StringToList(23);
Error, invalid input: StringToList expects its 1st argument,
str. to be of type string, but received 23
```

```
> StringToList("23");
"23" (41)
```

```
> timestwo :=proc(x :: integer)
  2·x;
end;
> timestwo(7);
14 (42)
```

```
> timestwo("rabbit");
Error, invalid input: timestwo expects its 1st argument, x, to
be of type integer, but received rabbit
> timestwo(1.7);
Error, invalid input: timestwo expects its 1st argument, x, to
be of type integer, but received 1.7
```

```
> timestwo :=proc(x :: numeric)
  2·x;
end;
> timestwo(1.7);
3.4 (43)
```

```
> timestwo(x);
Error, invalid input: timestwo expects its 1st argument, x, to
be of type numeric, but received x
```

```
> StringToList := proc(str :: string)
  global Alphabet;
  l := seq(SearchText(str[i], Alphabet) - 1, i = 1 .. length(str));
  return(l);
end;
Warning, `l` is implicitly declared local to procedure
`StringToList`
```

```
> StringToList("hello");
72, 69, 76, 76, 79 (44)
```

```
> StringToList := proc(str :: string)
  local l;
  global Alphabet;
  l := [seq(SearchText(str[i], Alphabet) - 1, i = 1 .. length(str))];
  return(l);
end;
```

```
> StringToList("hello");
[72, 69, 76, 76, 79] (45)
```

```
> x := 17;
x:=17 (46)
```

```

> trylocal:=proc( )
  local x;
  x := 22;
  return(x·4);
end;
      trylocal:= proc( ) local x; x:= 22; return 4*x end proc (47)

> trylocal();
                           88 (48)

> x;
                           17 (49)

> tryglobal:=proc( )
  global x;
  x := 22;
  return(x·4);
end;
      tryglobal:= proc( ) global x; x:= 22; return 4*x end proc (50)

> x;
                           17 (51)

> tryglobal();
                           88 (52)

> x;
                           22 (53)

> l:= StringToList("hi,there");
      l:=[72, 73, 12, 84, 72, 69, 82, 69] (54)

> convert(l, bytes); # This is wrong.
      "HI THERE" (55)

> Alphabet[72];
                           "g" (56)

> Alphabet[72 + 1];
                           "h" (57)

> ListToString := proc(l::list)
  global Alphabet;
  cat(seq(Alphabet[l[i] + 1], i = 1..nops(l)));
end;
> ListToString(l);
                           "hi,there" (58)

> StringToList("Anything you can write. Yeah!!!!");
[33, 78, 89, 84, 72, 73, 78, 71, 0, 89, 79, 85, 0, 67, 65, 78, 0, 87, 82, 73, 84, 69,
 14, 0, 57, 69, 65, 72, 1, 1, 1, 1] (59)

> ListToString(%);
                           "Anything you can write. Yeah!!!!" (60)

```