Math 313 (Fall '09) Midterm 1 October 8

Note: You have 80 minutes, or about 10 minutes per exercise. The first 4 exercises are worth 15 points, the other 4 are 10 points each.

- 1. (15 pts)
 - a) Give the definition of a group. Give example of a group and another example that fails to be a group (Justify!).

b) Give examples of 3 non-isomorphic groups of order 18. Explain why your examples are non-isomorphic.

2. (15 pts) Let $G = \left\{ X = \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ -b & a \end{pmatrix} \mid \text{ with } a, b \in \mathbb{R} \text{ and not simultaneously } 0 \right\}$

- i) Check that G with matrix multiplication is a group.
- ii) Check that G is isomorphic to \mathbb{C}^* (recall \mathbb{C}^* are the nonzero complex numbers). What is the operation on \mathbb{C}^* that makes the isomorphism work?

 $\mathbf{2}$

- 3. (15 pts) Count the number of elements of order 6 in
 - i) $G = S_6;$

 - ii) $G = Z_{12};$ iii) $G = Z_2 \oplus Z_6.$

Do the same for the number of subgroups of order 6!

Hint: there is an easy solution for the second part, once you did the first part.

- 4. (15 pts)
- a) Give an example of group G and 2 subgroups H_1 and H_2 such that H_1 is normal and H_2 is not normal. Justify!

b) Prove that any subgroup of an abelian group is normal

Extra points (5pts):

c) Prove that a subgroup H of index 2 in any group G is normal.

5. (10 pts) The set $G = \{1, 7, 17, 23, 49, 55, 65, 71\}$ is a group under multiplication modulo 96. To which well-known group is G isomorphic to?

- 6. (10 pts) Find all the subgroups of order 4 of $\mathbb{Z}_8 \oplus \mathbb{Z}_4 \oplus \mathbb{Z}_2$.
- 6

7. (10 pts) Prove that a group with 11 elements is cyclic. Generalize!

Note: You are allowed to use L... Theorem, but nothing else.

- 8. (10 pts) In the list: \mathbb{Z}_{12} , $\mathbb{Z}_6 \oplus \mathbb{Z}_2$, $S_3 \oplus \mathbb{Z}_2$, A_4 , D_6 there is a repetition. Decide which two groups are isomorphic. Explain!
- 8