

1. (8pt)

Let \mathbb{N} be the set of positive integers. Determine the truth value of the following statements. Justify your answers.

(1) $\forall p \in \mathbb{N} \forall q \in \mathbb{N} p \leq q$

(2) $\exists p \exists q \in \mathbb{N} p \leq q$

(3) $\forall p \in \mathbb{N} \exists q \in \mathbb{N} p \leq q$

(4) $\exists p \in \mathbb{N} \forall q \in \mathbb{N} p \leq q$

(5) $\exists p \in \mathbb{N} \forall q \in \mathbb{N} p < q$

(6) $\forall q \in \mathbb{N} \exists p \in \mathbb{N} p \leq q$

$$(7) \forall q \in \mathbb{N} \exists p \in \mathbb{N} p < q$$

$$(8) \exists q \in \mathbb{N} \forall p \in \mathbb{N} p \leq q$$

2. (6pt)

Construct all possible quantified sentences using the predicate $y < 1 - |x|$ (the universe is \mathbb{R}). For each of the sentences, give the truth value.

3. (4pt)

Show on the coordinate line all the values of variable x for which the implication $(x \in [0, 3]) \implies (x \in [2, 7])$ holds true.

4. (3pt)

State in affirmative terms (without \neg) and give the truth value.

(1) $\neg (\exists x \ x^2 < 0)$

(2) $\neg (\forall x \ \exists y \ x^2 + y^2 \leq 1)$

(3) $\neg (\exists y \ \forall x \ x^2 + y^2 > 3)$

5. (4pt)

Give definition of even function defined on \mathbb{R} .

Give definition of odd function defined on \mathbb{R} .

Using these definitions explain which functions are neither even, nor odd.

On the basis of your definitions explain which of the following functions is even, odd or neither:
 $f(x) = 3x^2 + 1$, $g(x) = x^3 + 3x$, $h(x) = x^2 - x$.