

## MAT 131 sample problems for test 2

The following problems are not homework.

1. Find the limits.

1)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{3x^2 + 5x - 2}{4x^2 - 9} = \frac{3}{4}$$

2)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (\sqrt{x^2 + 1} - x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(\sqrt{x^2 + 1} - x) \cdot (\sqrt{x^2 + 1} + x)}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1} + x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1} + x} = 0$$

3)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} 2^{\frac{1}{x}} = 0$$

4)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \left( \frac{1}{x-1} + \frac{2}{x^2 - 4x + 3} \right) = \frac{1}{x-3} = \frac{-1}{2}$$

5)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \pi^-} \ln(\sin x) = -\infty$$

6)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} (\sqrt{x^2 - x} - \sqrt{x^2 + 4x + 1}) = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{(\sqrt{x^2 - x} - \sqrt{x^2 + 4x + 1}) \cdot (\sqrt{x^2 - x} + \sqrt{x^2 + 4x + 1})}{\sqrt{x^2 - x} + \sqrt{x^2 + 4x + 1}} \quad (1)$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{(x^2 - x) - (x^2 + 4x + 1)}{\sqrt{x^2 - x} + \sqrt{x^2 + 4x + 1}} \quad (2)$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{-1 - 5x}{\sqrt{x^2 - x} + \sqrt{x^2 + 4x + 1}} \quad (3)$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{\frac{(-1 - 5x)}{-x}}{\frac{\sqrt{x^2 - x} + \sqrt{x^2 + 4x + 1}}{\sqrt{x^2}}} \quad (4)$$

$$= \frac{5}{2} \quad (5)$$

7)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} (e^x \cdot \sin x) = 0$$

8)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(x^2)}{x^2} = 1$$

9)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(\sin x)^2}{x^2} = 1$$

10)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x^3}{2^x} = 0$$

11)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \arctan x = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

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$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{3^x - 1}{2^x - 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{3^x - 1}{x - 0}}{\frac{2^x - 1}{x - 0}} = \frac{\ln 3}{\ln 2}$$

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$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \pi/3} \frac{\cos x - \frac{1}{2}}{x - \frac{\pi}{3}} = \frac{d(\cos x)}{dx} \Big|_{x=\pi/3} = -\sin \frac{\pi}{3} = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

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$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} x \cdot \sin \frac{1}{x^2} = 0$$

2. Find the derivatives.

1)

$$f(x) = \frac{(x^2 + 4x + 3) \cdot x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{(x^3 - 1)^4}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{(x^2 + 4x + 3) \cdot x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{(x^3 - 1)^4} \cdot \left( \frac{2x + 4}{x^2 + 4x + 3} + \frac{4}{3x} - \frac{12x^2}{x^3 - 1} \right)$$

2)

$$f(x) = e^{\cos x}$$

$$f' = -e^{\cos x} \sin x$$

3)

$$f(x) = \arctan(\ln(x^2 + 1))$$

$$f' = \frac{1}{1 + (\ln(x^2 + 1))^2} \cdot \frac{2x}{x^2 + 1}$$

4)

$$f(x) = \sin(x + \cos x)$$

$$f'(x) = \cos(x + \cos x) \cdot (1 - \sin x)$$

5)

$$f(x) = e^{x \cdot (\tan x)^2}$$

$$f' = e^{x \cdot (\tan x)^2} \cdot ((\tan x)^2 + 2x \tan x(1 + (\tan x)^2))$$

6)

$$f(x) = \sqrt[4]{x + \sqrt[3]{x}}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{4}(x + \sqrt[3]{x})^{-3/4} \cdot (1 + \frac{1}{3}x^{-\frac{2}{3}})$$

3. Find  $y'$  (The results should be in terms of  $x$  and  $y$ .)

1)

$$x^4y + xy^2 = x + 3y$$

2)

$$x^2 \cos y + \sin(2y) = xy$$

3)

$$xe^y = y - 1$$

4)

$$\sin(xy) = x^2 - y$$

4. Sketch the graph for function:

1)

$$f(x) = x^3 - 2x^2 + x + 1$$

2) If we know that  $f'(x) = \frac{x}{1+x^2}$  and  $f(0) = 0$ .

3)

$$f(x) = e^{\sin x}, x \in (0, \pi)$$

5 Find the tangent lines at given points.

$$1) x = \ln t, y = t^2 + 1, (0, 2)$$

$$2) x = t^3 - 2t^2 + t + 1, y = t^2 + t, (1, 0)$$

6. Use a linear approximation to estimate the given number.

$$1) (8.006)^{2/3}$$

$$\text{HINT: } f(x) = x^{\frac{2}{3}}, a = 8$$

$$2) 1/1001$$

$$\text{HINT: } f(x) = \frac{1}{x}, a = 1000$$