# EARLY EXAM <br> MAT 125 and 131 <br> September 19, 2002, 8:30-10 p.m. 

Please answer each question on your opscan. No calculators are to be used on this exam.

1. Which of the following straight lines is parallel to the line $2 y=4 x-3$ ?
(a) $2 x=4 y+7$
(b) $4 x=-2 y+3$
(c) $2 y+4 x=-3$
(d) $y=2 x+2$
(e) none of these
2. Which of the following is the equation of the straight line passing through the points $(-1,0)$ and ( 1,1 )?
(a) $y=\frac{x+1}{2}$
(b) $y=\frac{x-1}{2}$
(c) $y=\frac{x}{2}+1$
(d) $y+x=1$
(e) none of these
3. $\frac{3^{3 x}}{9^{(-x / 4)}}=$
(a) $3^{10 x / 3}$
(b) $3^{7 x / 2}$
(c) $3^{5 x / 2}$
(d) $\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{3 x}$
(e) none of these
4. The following is a graph of a function $f(x)$.


Which of the following graphs is the graph of $f(2 x)+1$ ?

(a)

(b)

(c)

(d)
(e) none of these
5. If $x=\log _{2} 3$, then $8^{x / 2}=$
(a) $3^{3}$
(b) $3 \sqrt{3}$
(c) $2^{3}$
(d) $2^{3.5}$
(e) none of these
6. Let $p(x)=(x+7)^{2}+3$. Then $p(x)$ is smallest when $x=$
(a) 0
(b) 7
(c) -7
(d) -3
(e) none of these
7. Let $\theta$ denote the angle in the following picture. What is $\sin (\theta)$ ?
(a) $\frac{-1}{2}$
(b) -2
(c) $\frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}$
(d) $\frac{2}{5}$
(e) none of these

8. Which of the following is the set of all solutions of the inequality $x^{2}+2 x-3 \leq 0$ ?
(a) $[-3,1]$
(b) $[-3,3]$
(c) $(-\infty,-3] \cup[1, \infty)$
(d) $[1, \infty)$
(e) none of these
9. The following is the graph of the function $A \sin (x+b)(x$ is measured in radians). What are $A, b$ ?
(a) $A=1 / 2, b=-\pi / 4$
(b) $A=-2, b=\pi / 4$
(c) $A=2, b=-\pi / 4$
(d) $A=2, b=\pi / 4$
(e) none of these

10. Which of the following is the set of all solutions of the equations $\log _{3} x+\log _{3}(x-1)=0$
(a) Two solutions: $x=0, x=1$
(b) One solution: $x=1$
(c) One solution: $x=(1+\sqrt{5}) / 2$
(d) Two solutions: $x=(1+\sqrt{5}) / 2, x=(1-\sqrt{5}) / 2$
(e) No solutions
11. Which of the following is the set of all solutions of inequality $2^{-x}<4$ ?
(a) $x<-2$
(b) $x>-2$
(c) $0<x<-2$
(d) $x>2$
(e) none of the above
12. Let $f(x)=\sqrt{x}$, and let $g(x)=x^{2}+1$. What is $f(g(-1))$ ?
(a) 0
(b) $\sqrt{2}$
(c) 1
(d) -1
(e) undefined
13. The function $h(x)=\frac{(x+1)^{2}+1}{x}$ can be written as the following composition:
(a) $h(x)=f(g(x)), \quad f(x)=x+1, \quad g(x)=\frac{(x+1)^{2}}{x}$
(b) $h(x)=f(g(x)), \quad f(x)=\frac{(x+1)^{2}}{x}, \quad g(x)=x+1$
(c) $h(x)=f(g(x)), \quad f(x)=x+1, \quad g(x)=\frac{x^{2}+1}{x-1}$
(d) $h(x)=f(g(x)), \quad f(x)=\frac{x^{2}+1}{x-1}, \quad g(x)=x+1$
(e) none of these

The next 3 questions are True/False questions. Pick (a) if the statement is true. Pick (b) if the statement is false.
14. For all $x$, one has $\frac{\cos (2 x)}{\cos (x)}=2$
(a) true
(b) false
15. If $p(x)=a x^{2}+b x+c$, where $a \neq 0$, then $p$ cannot be an increasing function on the whole real line.
(a) true
(b) false
16. If $x>0$, then $\ln x>0$.
(a) true
(b) false

