EARLY EXAM MAT 125 and 131 September 19, 2002, 8:30-10 p.m.

Please answer each question on your opscan. No calculators are to be used on this exam.

- 1. Which of the following straight lines is parallel to the line 2y = 4x 3?
 - (a) 2x = 4y + 7(b) 4x = -2y + 3(c) 2y + 4x = -3(d) y = 2x + 2(e) none of these
- 2. Which of the following is the equation of the straight line passing through the points (-1, 0) and (1, 1)?
 - and (1, 1): (a) $y = \frac{x+1}{2}$ (b) $y = \frac{x-1}{2}$ (c) $y = \frac{x}{2} + 1$ (d) y + x = 1(e) none of these

3.
$$\frac{3^{3x}}{9^{(-x/4)}} =$$

(a) $3^{10x/3}$
(b) $3^{7x/2}$

(c)
$$3^{5x/2}$$

(c)
$$3^{3x}$$

(d) $(\frac{1}{2})^{3x}$

4. The following is a graph of a function f(x).



Which of the following graphs is the graph of f(2x) + 1?



- 5. If $x = \log_2 3$, then $8^{x/2} =$ (a) 3^3 (b) $3\sqrt{3}$ (c) 2^3

 - (d) $2^{3.5}$
 - (e) none of these

- 6. Let p(x) = (x + 7)² + 3. Then p(x) is smallest when x =

 (a) 0
 (b) 7
 (c) -7
 (d) -3
 (e) none of these
- 7. Let θ denote the angle in the following picture. What is $\sin(\theta)$?



- 8. Which of the following is the set of all solutions of the inequality x² + 2x − 3 ≤ 0?
 (a) [-3, 1]
 - (a) [-3, 1](b) [-3, 3](c) $(-\infty, -3] \cup [1, \infty)$ (d) $[1, \infty)$
 - (e) none of these
- 9. The following is the graph of the function $A\sin(x+b)$ (x is measured in radians). What are A, b?



10. Which of the following is the set of **all** solutions of the equations $\log_3 x + \log_3(x-1) = 0$

- (a) Two solutions: x = 0, x = 1
- (b) One solution: x = 1
- (c) One solution: $x = (1 + \sqrt{5})/2$

- (d) Two solutions: $x = (1 + \sqrt{5})/2, x = (1 \sqrt{5})/2$
- (e) No solutions

11. Which of the following is the set of **all** solutions of inequality $2^{-x} < 4$?

- (a) x < -2(b) x > -2(c) 0 < x < -2(d) x > 2
- (e) none of the above

12. Let $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$, and let $g(x) = x^2 + 1$. What is f(g(-1))?

- (a) 0
- (b) $\sqrt{2}$
- (c) 1
- (d) -1
- (e) undefined

13. The function $h(x) = \frac{(x+1)^2 + 1}{x}$ can be written as the following composition: (a) $h(x) = f(g(x)), \quad f(x) = x+1, \quad g(x) = \frac{(x+1)^2}{x}$

(a) $h(x) = f(g(x)), \quad f(x) = x + 1, \quad g(x) = \frac{(x+1)^2}{x}$ (b) $h(x) = f(g(x)), \quad f(x) = \frac{(x+1)^2}{x}, \quad g(x) = x + 1$ (c) $h(x) = f(g(x)), \quad f(x) = x + 1, \quad g(x) = \frac{x^2 + 1}{x - 1}$ (d) $h(x) = f(g(x)), \quad f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 1}{x - 1}, \quad g(x) = x + 1$ (e) none of these

The next 3 questions are True/False questions. Pick (a) if the statement is true. Pick (b) if the statement is false.

- 14. For all x, one has $\frac{\cos(2x)}{\cos(x)} = 2$ (a) true
 - (b) false
- 15. If $p(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$, where $a \neq 0$, then p cannot be an increasing function on the whole real line.
 - (a) true
 - (b) false
- 16. If x > 0, then $\ln x > 0$.
 - (a) true
 - (b) false