

MAT 211: Linear Algebra
Problem Set 7

Stony Brook University
Dzmitry Dudko

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Problem 1. (2 points) Compute the standard matrix of the linear transformation

$$P \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = (2x + 7y) \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Problem 2. (4 +4 +4 points)

Recall that

- a vector u is **unit** if it has length 1; i.e. if $\|u\| = \sqrt{u \cdot u} = 1$;
- if v is a non-zero vector, then $\frac{1}{\|v\|}v$ is a unit vector parallel to v .

Consider a unit vector $d = \begin{bmatrix} d_1 \\ d_2 \end{bmatrix}$. Denote by ℓ the line passing through the origin whose direction vector is d . In other words,

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = t \begin{bmatrix} d_1 \\ d_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

is the vector form of the equation of ℓ . The linear transformation

$$P_\ell(v) = (v \cdot d)d = (v_1d_1 + v_2d_2) \begin{bmatrix} d_1 \\ d_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

is a projection of the plane \mathbb{R}^2 onto the line ℓ , where $v = \begin{bmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \end{bmatrix}$.

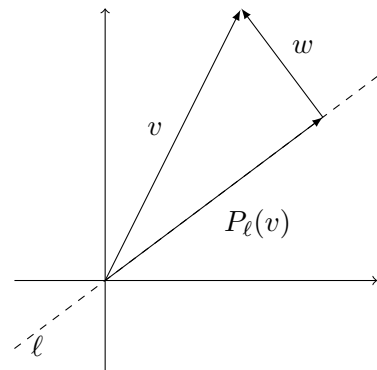
1) Prove that

$$P_\ell(v) = (v \cdot d)d = (v_1d_1 + v_2d_2) \begin{bmatrix} d_1 \\ d_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

is the orthogonal projection of \mathbb{R}^2 onto the line ℓ by showing that the vector

$$w = v - P_\ell(v)$$

is orthogonal to d .



2) Suppose that $d = \begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{2} \\ 1/\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix}$. Check that d is a unit vector. Compute the standard matrix of the projection P_ℓ . Compute $P_\ell \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$.

3) Suppose that $d = \begin{bmatrix} 3/5 \\ 4/5 \end{bmatrix}$. Check that d is a unit vector. Compute the standard matrix of the projection P_ℓ . Compute $P_\ell \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$.

Due Date: Thursday, Nov 4.