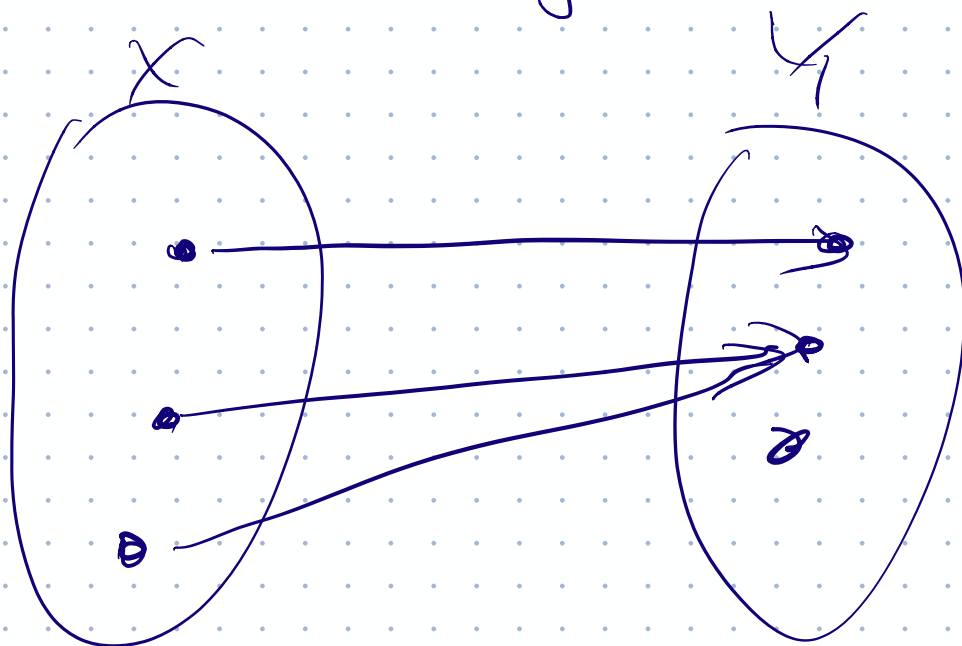


## Lecture 14

Recall

$$* f : X \rightarrow Y$$

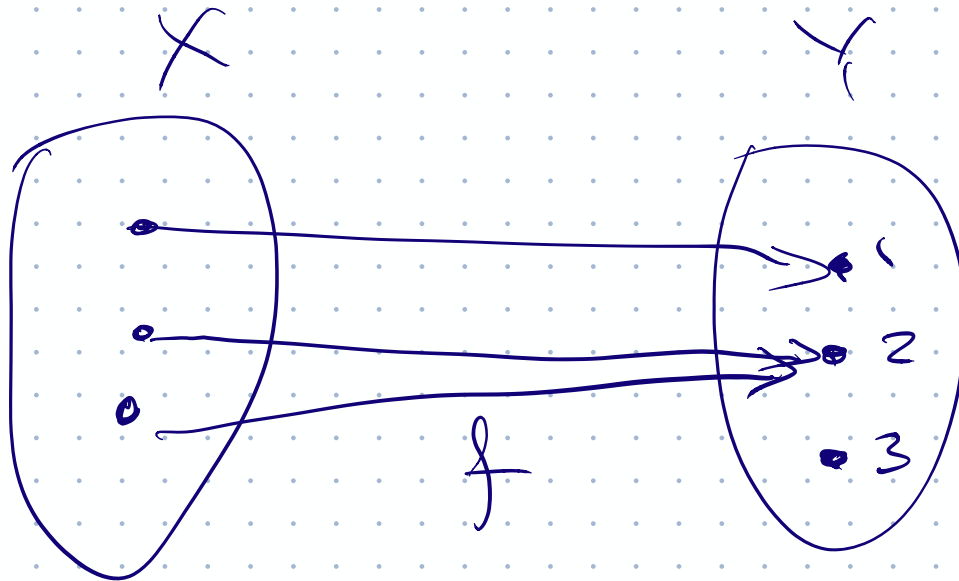
means  $f$  is a function,  
from domain  $X$  to  
range  $Y$ .



Definition image of  $f$

$$\text{im } f = \{ f(x) : x \in X \}$$

E.g.



$$\text{Im } f = \{1, 2\}$$

E.g.

$$f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

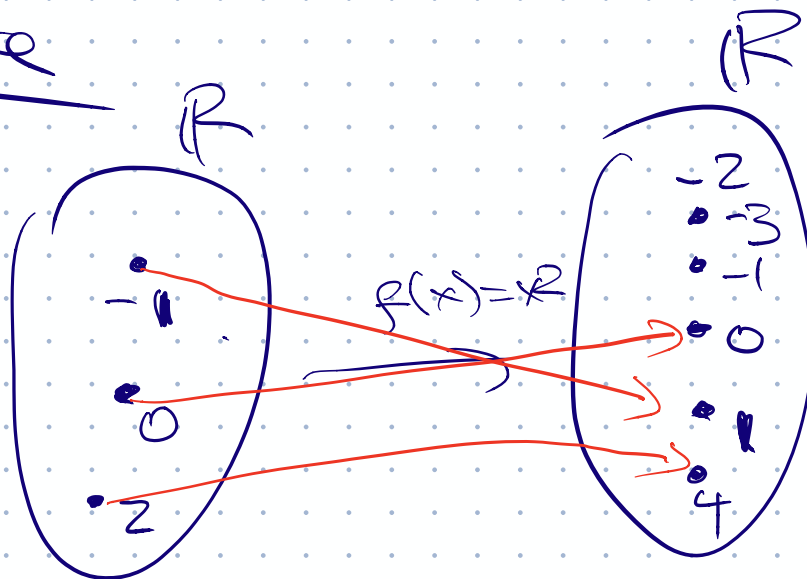
$$f(x) = x^2$$

$$\text{Im } f = \mathbb{R} \quad ?$$

$$\text{Im } f =$$

$$\{x \in \mathbb{R} : x \geq 0\}$$

False

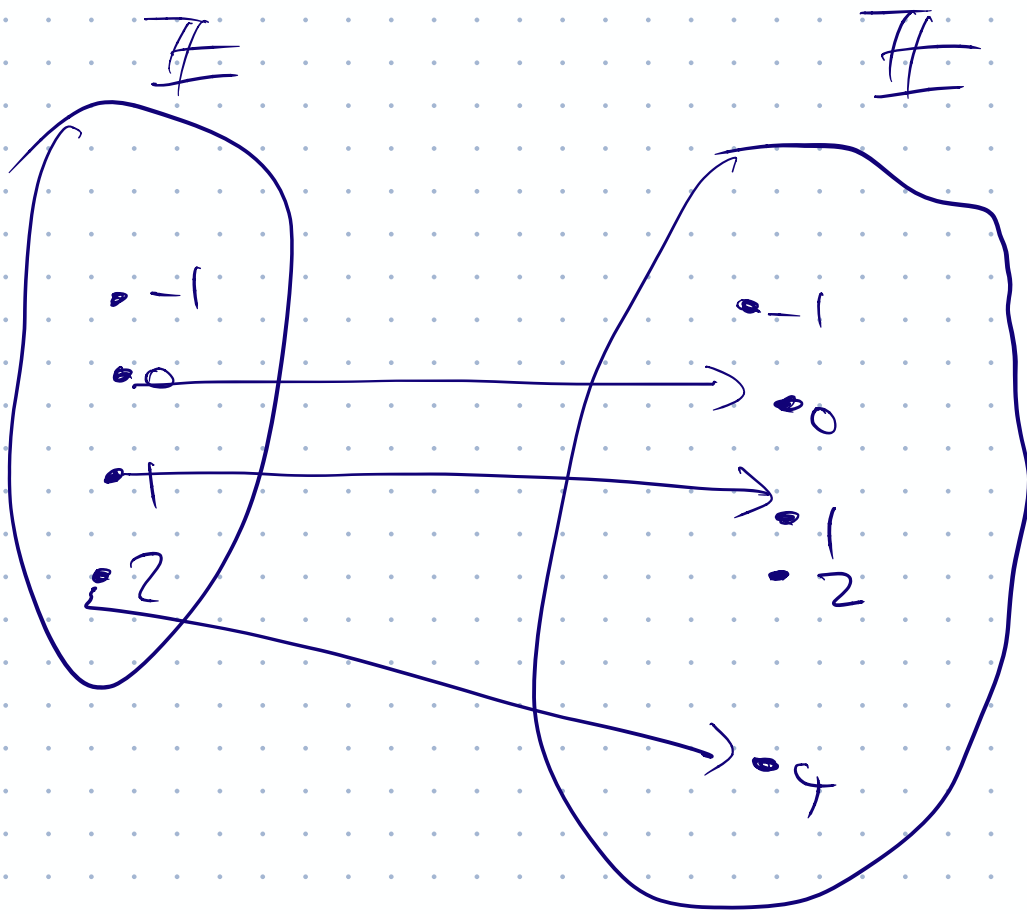


Ex  $f: \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$

$$f(x) = x^2$$

$$\text{Im } f = \{x \in \mathbb{Z} : x \geq 0\} \quad ?$$

False.



$$\text{Im } f = \{0, 1, 4, 9, 16, \dots\}$$

$$\text{Im } f \neq \{x \in \mathbb{Z} : x \geq 0\} \quad \text{because}$$

$$2 \geq 0, \quad \text{but } 2 \notin \text{Im } f.$$

$\text{Im } f =$

Is there a way to express

"the set of perfect squares  
in set notation".

One answer:

\*  $\text{Im } f$  where

$$f: \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$$

$$f(x) = x^2.$$

Second answer:

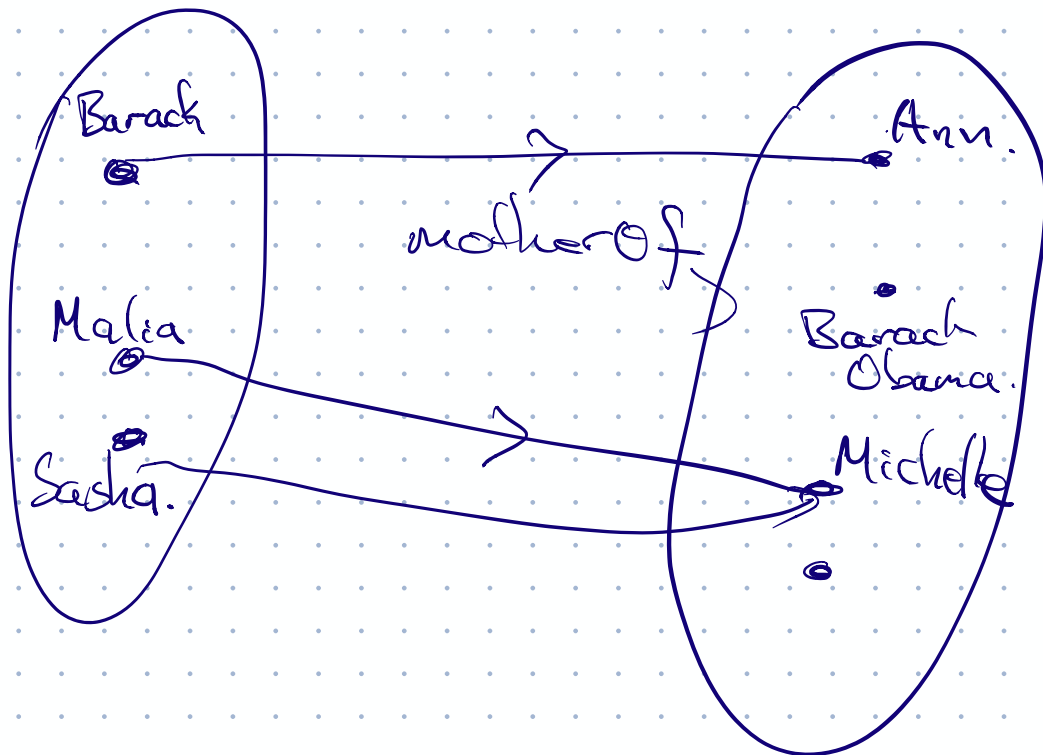
$$* \{ x^2 : x \in \mathbb{Z} \}$$

E.g. motherOf: Humans  $\rightarrow$  Humans  
motherOf(x) = the mother of x.

$\text{im}(\text{motherOf}) = ?$

is barack obama  $\in \text{im}(\text{MotherOf})$ ?

No. Humans. Humans



Not asking for  
 $\text{motherOf}(\text{barack})$

Asking if  
 $\text{motherOf}(x) = \text{barack}$

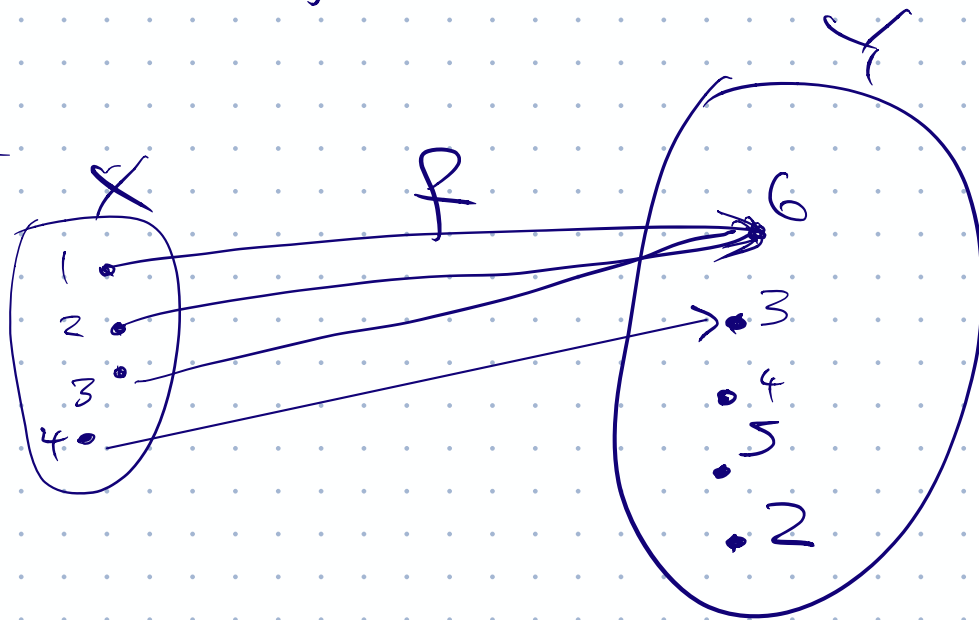
# Pre-images

For  $f: X \rightarrow Y$ ,  $y \in Y$

$$f^{-1}(y) = \{x \in X : f(x) = y\}$$

pre-image of  $y$   
under  $f$

Picture:



$$f^{-1}(6) = \{x \in X : f(x) = 6\} = \{1, 2, 3\}$$

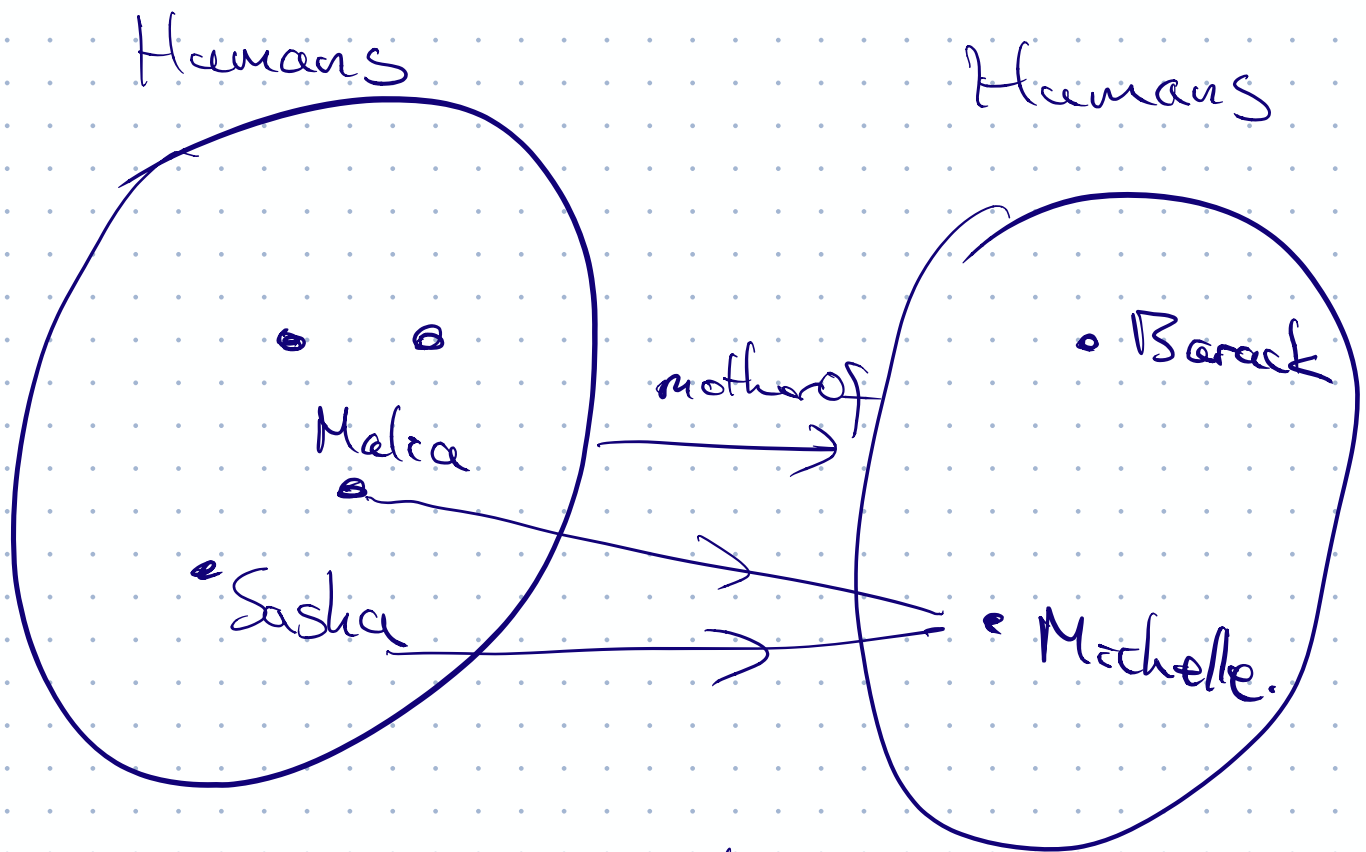
$$f^{-1}(3) = \{x \in X : f(x) = 3\} = \{4\}$$

$$f^{-1}(2) = \{x \in X : f(x) = 2\} = \emptyset$$

# Example

$\text{mother}^{\leftarrow}(\text{Barack Obama}) = \emptyset$

$\text{mother}^{\leftarrow}(\text{Michelle Obama}) = \{ \text{Sasha, Malia} \}$ .



$\text{mother}^{\leftarrow}_{\text{of}}(x) = \text{children of } x.$

E.g.

$$f(x) = x^2 \quad f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$\begin{aligned} f^{-1}(9) &= \{x \in \mathbb{R} : f(x) = 9\} \\ &= \{-3, 3\}. \end{aligned}$$

$$f(x) = x^2, \quad f: \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$\begin{aligned} f^{-1}(9) &= \{x \in \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0} : f(x) = 9\} \\ &= \{3\}. \end{aligned}$$

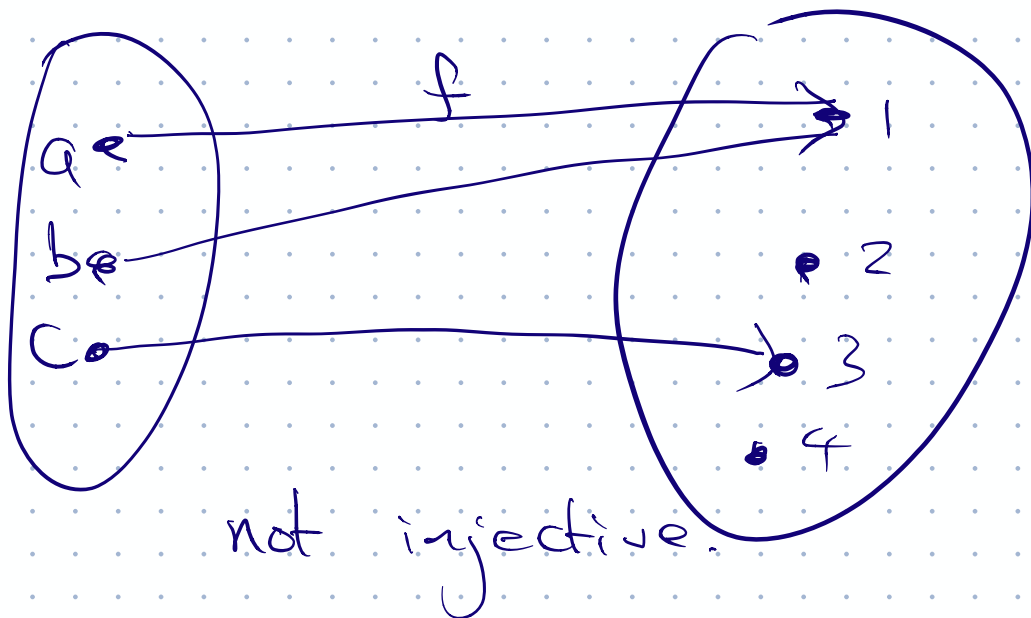


# Injective functions

$f: X \rightarrow Y$  is injective if

For all  $y \in Y$   
 $f^{-1}(y)$  has at most one point

Picture



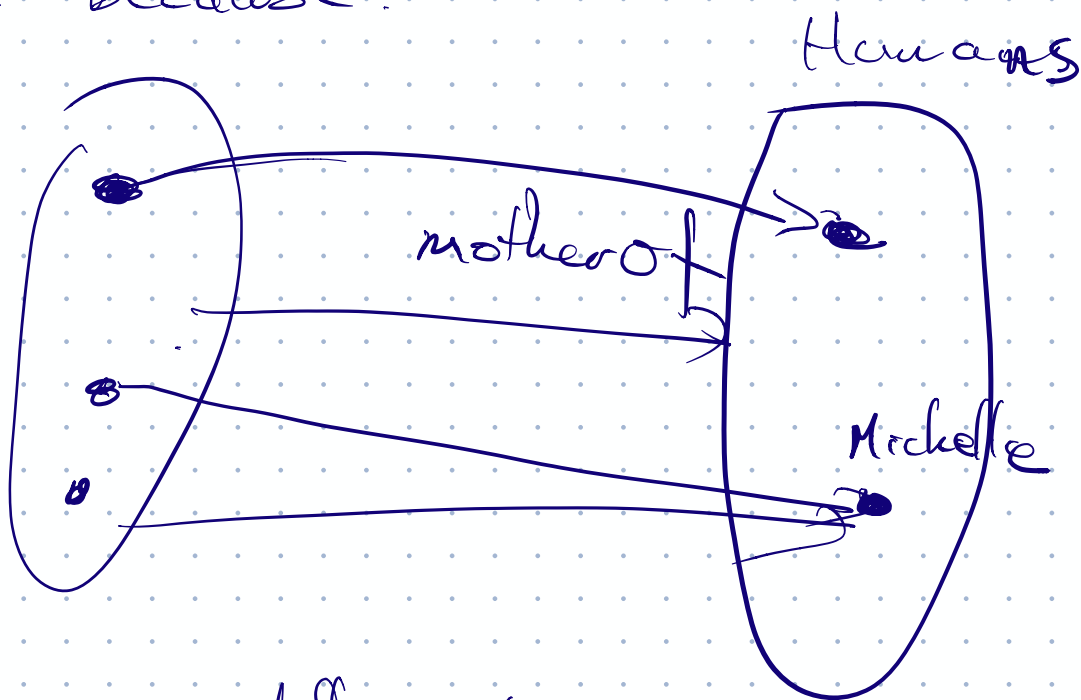
$f^{-1}(1) = \{a, b\}$ , more than 1

Roughly speaking: injective means there is only one (or zero) things pointing to every element in the range.

## Example

motherOf: Humans  $\rightarrow$  Humans  
is motherOf injective?

No, because.



or, different people Humans  
can have the same mother.

$$f(x) = x^2$$

$$f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

injective?

No. Proof:  $f^{-1}(1) = \{-1, 1\}$ .

$$f: \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$f(x) = x^2$$

surjective.

Yes.

$$f^{-1}(1) = \{1\}$$

$$f^{-1}(2) = \{\sqrt{2}\}$$

$$f^{-1}(-1) = \emptyset$$

Reason:

Every real number either

has no square root.

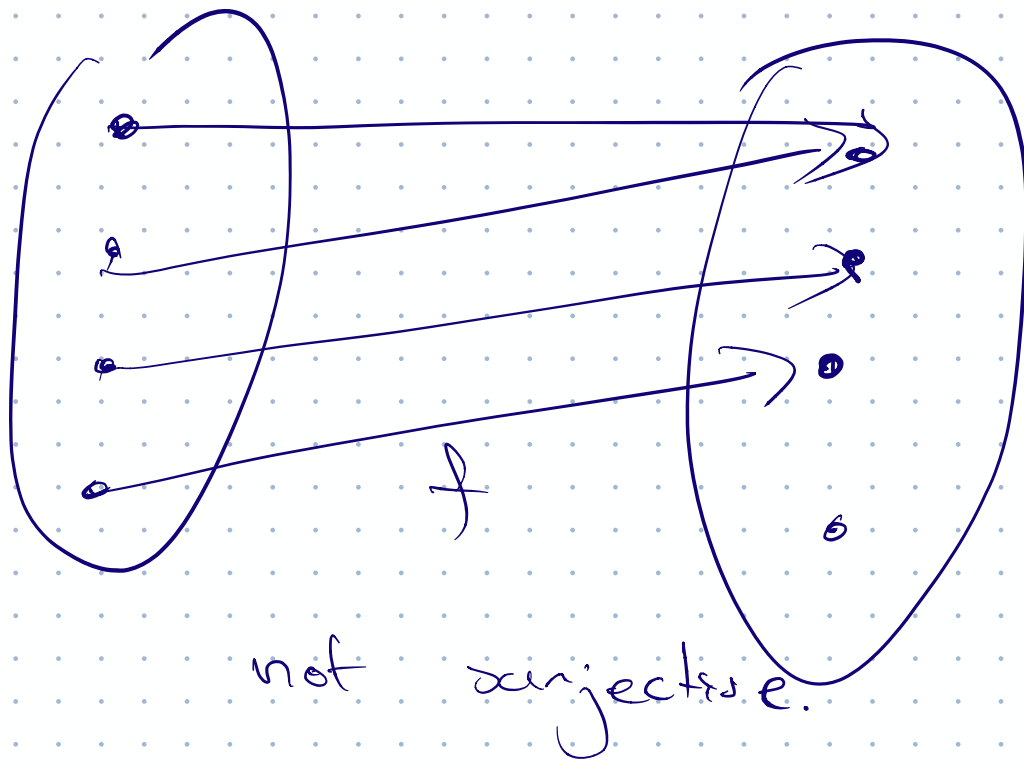
Or has one positive sqrt.

# Surjective functions

$f: X \rightarrow Y$  is surjective  
if

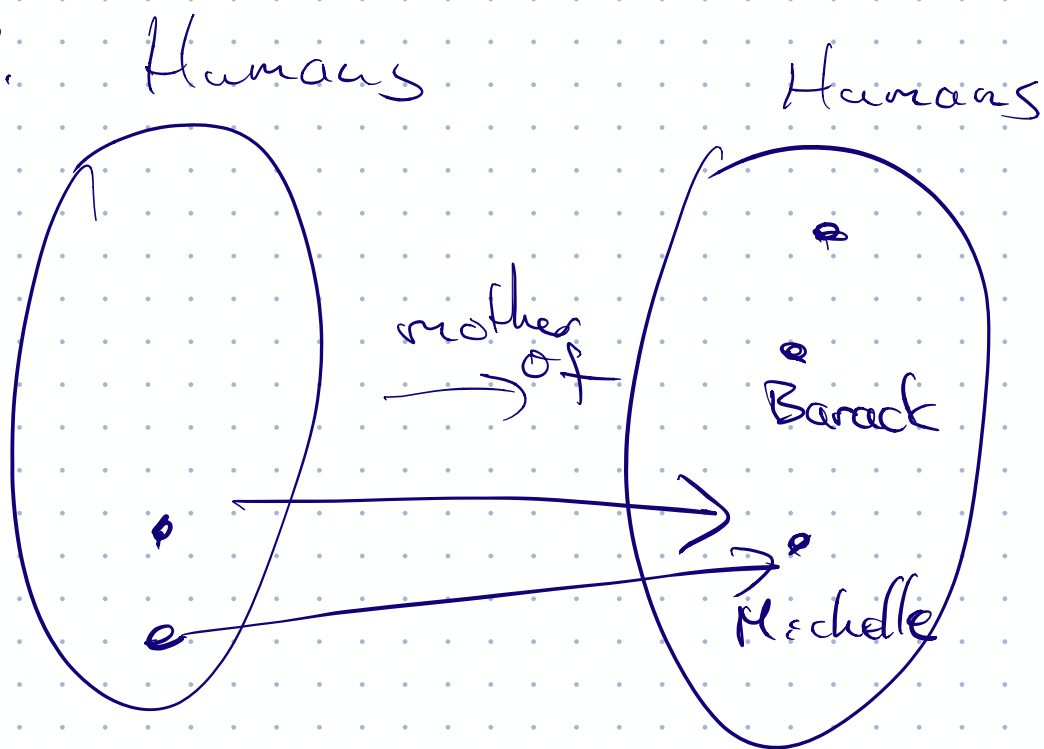
For all  $y \in Y$ ,  $f^{-1}(y)$   
has at least one element.

Picture:



is motherOf surjective?

NO.



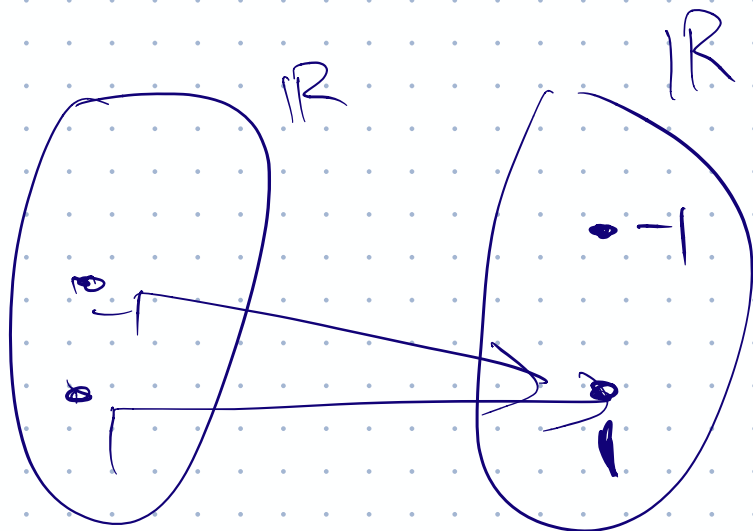
$$\text{motherOf}^{-1}(\text{Barack}) = \emptyset,$$

so motherOf is  
not surjective.

Is  $f(x) = x^2$   
 $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$

surjective?

no.



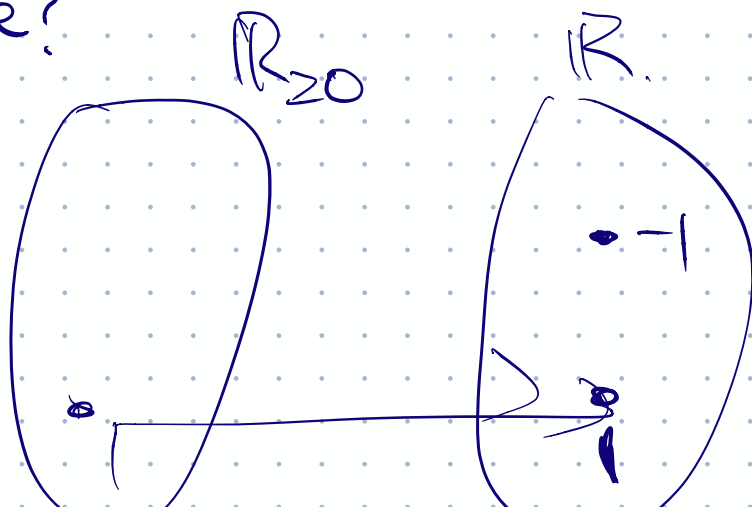
$f^{-1}(-1) = \emptyset$  so  $f$  not surj.

---

is  $f(x) = x^2$   
 $f: \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$

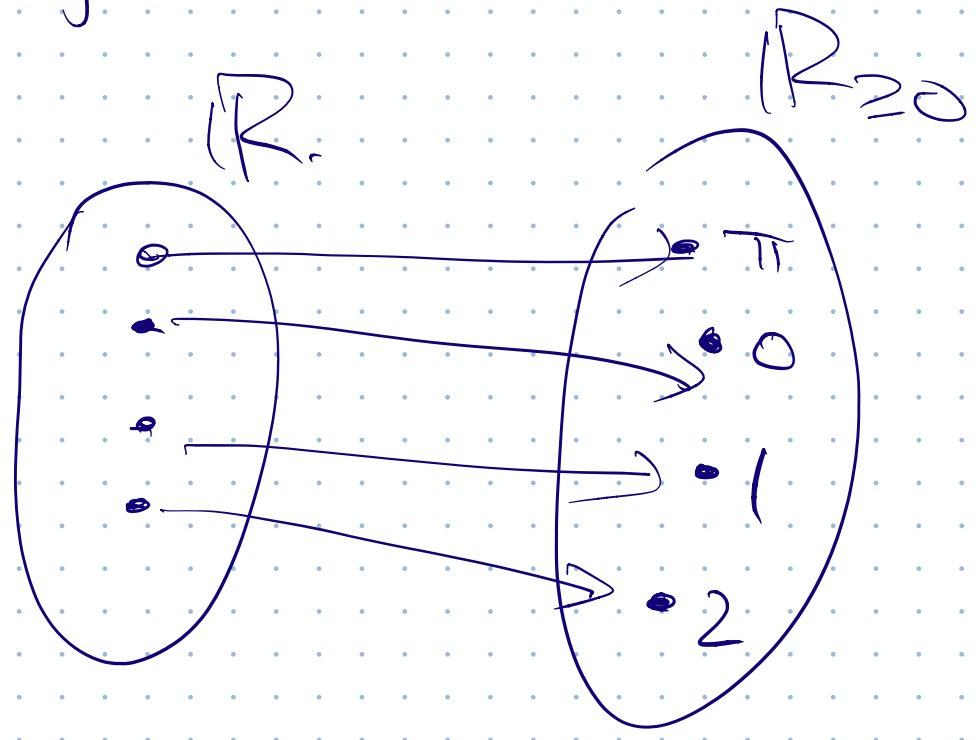
surjective?

no



$$f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$$

$f$  surjective.



Yes surjective.

Image

$$f: X \rightarrow Y$$

$A \subset X$

$$f \rightarrow f(A) := \{ f(x) : x \in A \}$$

↑  
set

$$f \rightarrow P(X) \rightarrow P(Y)$$

