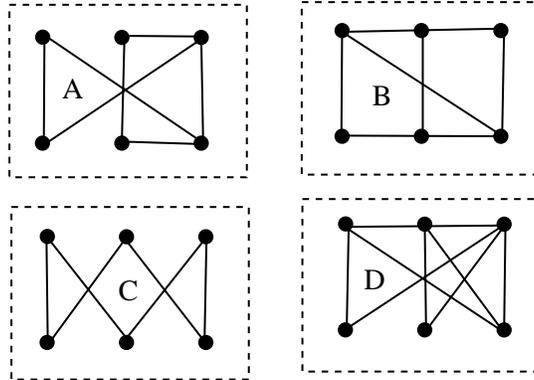


## MAT 118, Chapter 5 Sample Questions

- (1)  This famous mathematician lived from 1707 to 1783 and invented graph theory (among many other accomplishments).
- (a) Johann Bernoulli
  - (b) Leonard Euler
  - (c) Fredrich Gauss
  - (d) Issac Newton
  - (e) Rene Descarte
  - (f) none of these

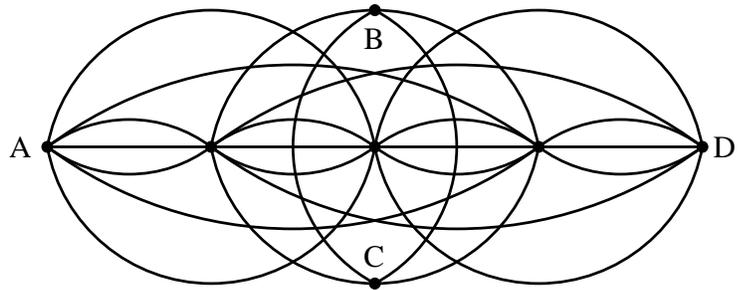
- (2)  The algorithm given in the text for finding Euler circuits and paths is called
- (a) Euler's algorithm
  - (b) Fleury's algorithm
  - (c) Gauss's algorithm
  - (d) Hierholzer's algorithm
  - (e) Bernoulli's algorithm
  - (f) none of these



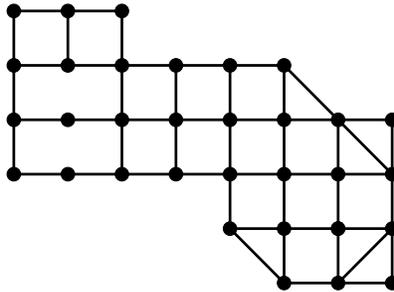
- (3)  Which graphs have an Euler circuit?
- (a) Only A
  - (b) A and D
  - (c) B and C
  - (d) Only C
  - (e) Only D
  - (f) none of these

- (4)  On the island of Pentecost in the Pacific a traditional art form is to draw elaborate figures in the sand in a continuous line, never lifting ones finger from the sand from start to end. To draw the following figure without retracting any edges, where can the artist start and finish?

- (a) start at A, finish at B  
 (b) start at A finish at C  
 (c) start at A finish at D  
 (d) start at B finish at C  
 (e) start at B finish at D  
 (f) you can start anywhere



The following figure is used for problem 5. This graph represents the streets in a town. A police car must travel over each street at least once and must start and end at the same vertex.



- (5)  What is the minimum number of streets that must be visited twice in an Euler circuit of the town?
- (a) 0  
 (b) 2  
 (c) 4  
 (d) 5  
 (e) 6  
 (f) none of these

- (6)  Suppose Sam knows Joe, Ted and Max. In addition, Max knows Ted, Zak and Pat. Which graph on the right represents these relationships (vertices=people, edges=knows).

- (a) A  
 (b) B  
 (c) C  
 (d) D  
 (e) E  
 (f) F

