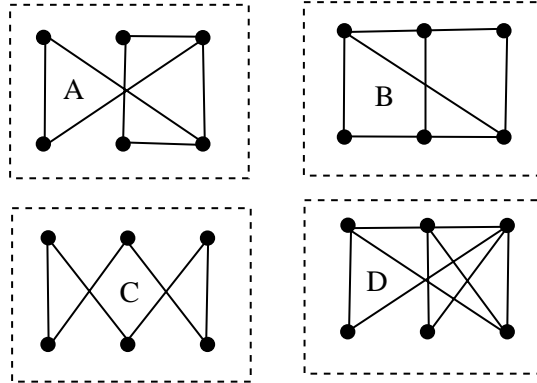


MAT 118, Chapter 5 Sample Questions

- (1) This famous mathematician lived from 1707 to 1783 and invented graph theory (among many other accomplishments).
- (a) Johann Bernoulli
 - (b) Leonard Euler
 - (c) Fredrich Gauss
 - (d) Issac Newton
 - (e) Rene Descarte
 - (f) none of these

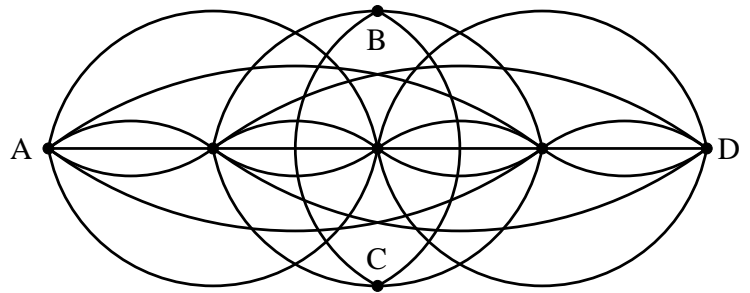
- (2) The algorithm given in the text for finding Euler circuits and paths is called
- (a) Euler's algorithm
 - (b) Fleury's algorithm
 - (c) Gauss's algorithm
 - (d) Hierholzer's algorithm
 - (e) Bernoulli's algorithm
 - (f) none of these



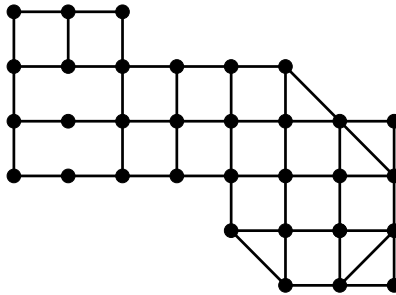
- (3) Which graphs have an Euler circuit?
- (a) Only A
 - (b) A and D
 - (c) B and C
 - (d) Only C
 - (e) Only D
 - (f) none of these

- (4) On the island of Pentecost in the Pacific a traditional art form is to draw elaborate figures in the sand in a continuous line, never lifting ones finger from the sand from start to end. To draw the following figure without retracting any edges, where can the artist start and finish?

- (a) start at A, finish at B
 (b) start at A finish at C
 (c) start at A finish at D
 (d) start at B finish at C
 (e) start at B finish at D
 (f) you can start anywhere



The following figure is used for problem 5. This graph represents the streets in a town. A police car must travel over each street at least once and must start and end at the same vertex.



- (5) What is the minimum number of streets that must be visited twice in an Euler circuit of the town?
- (a) 0
 (b) 2
 (c) 4
 (d) 5
 (e) 6
 (f) none of these

- (6) Suppose Sam knows Joe, Ted and Max. In addition, Max knows Ted, Zak and Pat. Which graph on the right represents these relationships (vertices=people, edges=knows).

- (a) A
 (b) B
 (c) C
 (d) D
 (e) E
 (f) F

